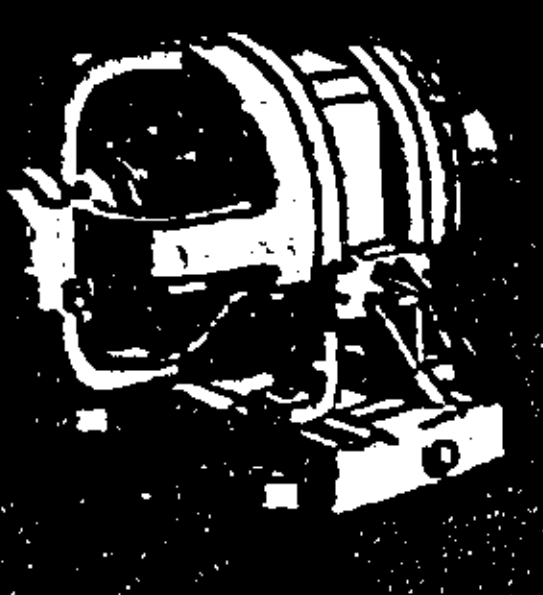


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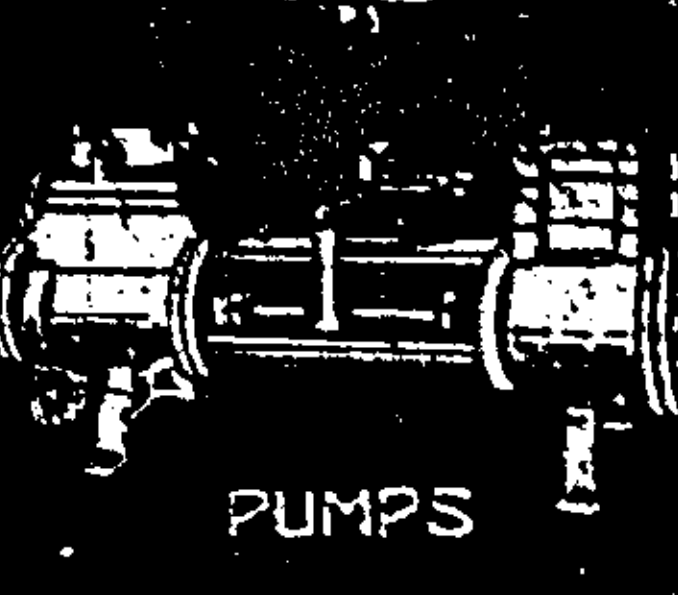
THURSDAY

MARCH 9, 1922.

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BOTTOMLEY AT BOW STREET.

Prosecution's Serious Allegations.

(Reuter's Service.)

London, March 8.
Mr. Horatio Bottomley was to-day at Bow Street charged with conversion to his own use of £5,000 the property of the Victory Bond Club in September of 1919. He personally conducted his case and unsuccessfully applied for an adjournment owing to contemporaneous proceedings in the High Court.
The prosecuting counsel contended on the ground of the original circular inviting subscriptions to the Victory Bonds Club that Mr. Bottomley was not entitled to draw a shilling out of the trust account for himself, yet from the beginning to the end £493,000 was received and dealt with by Mr. Bottomley unchecked by any human being and no trustees and no auditors were ever appointed. He alleged that of £20,000 from the trust account paid by Mr. Bottomley into his private account, £5,000 was for the purpose of keeping up racehorses at Ostend.
Mr. Bottomley here interjected:—"Rubbish!"
Counsel intimated that there would be other charges.
The case was adjourned for a week.

INDIA'S MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT.

Lord Rawlinson's Warning Against Further Reduction.

Delhi, March 8.
A sensation was caused in the Legislative Assembly by the speech of the Commander-in-Chief, General Lord Rawlinson. Replying to criticisms of military expenditure, Lord Rawlinson pointed out that the Army in India had been reduced by nine thousand men since 1914. No further reduction was possible at present, owing to seditious propaganda amongst the population and the troops. He would consider further reductions when a united India showed loyalty and devotion to the British Empire. He feared that the ability of the Government to maintain law and order would be seriously tested at no distant date.

Protection of Islamic Interests.

After consulting the Provincial Governments, the Indian Government telegraphed to Mr. Montagu in connection and the Allied discussion of the Near East situation opening at Paris on the 22nd inst., emphasising India's war services and urging a revision of the Treaty of Sevres, the evacuation of Constantinople, recognition of the Sultan's suzerainty over the Holy Places, and the restoration to Turkey of Smyrna and Ottoman Thrace, including Adrianople.

Democratic Party's Attitude.

Delhi, March 8.
In the debate on the military Budget in the Assembly the majority of the speakers attacked the proposed expenditure. Mr. Gour, leader of the Democratic Party, demanded a reduction to 20 per cent. of the revenue, according to the principles which, he said, were enunciated at the Brussels Conference; otherwise he threatened that his party would use its constitutional powers to arrest the progress of the Budget.
The general tone of the debate showed that General Rawlinson's speech had stiffened non-official Indian opposition to the Budget, and bitter disappointment was expressed at his uncompromising attitude.
Sir Maurice Hailey, winding up the debate, emphasised that the deficits of the last four years were due to the Afghan and other unforeseen wars, which cost twenty-five crores, and the transference of the Central revenues to the provinces under the reform scheme. He declared that the Estimates could not be reduced.

IMPROVEMENT IN THE IRISH SITUATION.

Lord Birkenhead's Confidence in the Provisional Government.

London, March 8.
An improvement in the situation in Ireland was indicated by the Lord Chancellor in a speech in the House of Lords in the course of which he said there was every reason to believe that public opinion in Ireland was consolidating itself behind the Provisional Government. This tendency was being hastened by the high-handed and lawless acts committed by the recalcitrant section of the Republican Army.
The Lord Chancellor asserted that the Provisional Government's authority was at present recognised over the greater part of the South, but two or three districts were in a state of complete disaffection in consequence of the attitude of the pro-Republican military forces. The Provisional Government was sanguine, however, that, with the passage of a little time, it will be strong enough to deal with the situation.
His Lordship acknowledged that the situation was still a matter for anxiety, but it was gratifying that the former opponents of British rule felt it their duty and responsibility to put down the avowedly republican movement.

Third Reading Carried.

Later.
The final stages of the discussion of the Irish Treaty Bill were reached in the House of Commons when Mr. Churchill said that the highest strength of the Free State Army would be thirty thousand, composed of regulars and territorials, but the quota would be proportionately less if Ulster contracted out.
The Third Reading was carried by 295 votes to 52 after a motion for rejection had been negatived.

MR. LLOYD GEORGE BETTER.

London, March 8.
Mr. Lloyd George is better. He presided at a Cabinet meeting in Downing Street this morning which considered, *inter alia*, a proposal to lend Russia £250,000 for famine relief. The Premier leaves for Crickethth to-morrow and is expected to be absent for ten days.
Later.
Mr. Lloyd George is still indisposed. He has deferred his departure to Wales until March 10th.

OPIUM TRAFFIC COMMITTEE.

London, March 8.
Chao Hsin-chu has been appointed Chinese representative on the Opium Traffic Advisory Committee of the League of Nations, which will meet at Geneva in April.

EX-GERMAN CABLES.

Plans for Their Distribution.

(Reuter's Service.)

Washington, March 8.
The Acting Secretary of State, Mr. Fletcher, as Chairman of the International Communications Conference, has presented to the Ambassadors of Britain, France, Italy and Japan plans for the distribution of all ex-German cables. It is understood that it is proposed to divide the cables in five equal parts on the basis of their present commercial value, with monetary compensation for the Power receiving a deficient allotment where an exact division is impracticable. Acceptance depends largely on the attitude of France, as apparently the other members of the Conference are agreeable.

MODIFICATION OF "WHITE AUSTRALIA" POLICY.

South Australian Premier Reiterates His Views.

London, March 8.
The South Australian Premier, Mr. Barwell, who is at present in London, writes to the *Times* supporting his previous declarations of the necessity of modification of the White Australia policy. He is convinced that if coloured labourers were taken to Australia, under the indenture system there would not be the slightest difficulty in confining them to tropical areas.
Mr. Barwell declares that attempts to develop the Northern Territory have been a dismal failure, the population having decreased 25 per cent. in thirty years.

PACKING INDUSTRY'S DISASTROUS YEAR.

Armour Co. Loses \$30,000,000.

London, March 8.
The report of the Chicago packing firm of Armour and Company for 1921 describes the year as the most disastrous in the history of the packing industry. The fall in meat prices combined with high costs resulted in a loss of \$30,000,000, which had to be met from the accumulated surplus of the firm's reserves, which on January, amounted to over \$50,000,000.
The Armour Company opines that the worst is over, and that there is every reason to anticipate better times.

RUSSIAN REFUGEES.

A "Cock and Bull" Story.

London, March 8.
A feature of the discussion in the House of Commons last evening on the Supplementary Estimate for the War Office was the fear expressed by Labour members and others that the money voted for Russian refugees was being improperly used. It was suggested that some was finding its way to General Wrangel, and the rumour that Wrangel is mobilising refugees with a view to an attack on Soviet Russia was mentioned. Mr. Harmsworth described the rumour as a cock and bull story.

NEW YORK FIRM'S FAILURE.

Chartered Bank as Creditors.

New York, March 9.
A statement, although so far unofficial, of the affairs of the New York firm of exporters and importers, Childs and Joseph, who failed in December, shows several British and Dominion Banks as considerable creditors, including the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, who are creditors for \$48,000, which is reported to be all unsecured. Two of the principal South African Banks figure as creditors, exceeding two and a half million dollars.

HOSTILITIES RESUMED IN ASIA MINOR.

Reported Greek Offensive.

London, March 8.
According to a Greek semi-official communiqué, hostilities have been resumed in Asia Minor. It declares that twenty Turks were killed in a five hours' fight following a Greek attack on a post on the Eskishehr front. Six Turks were killed in a Cavalry encounter on the Afunkarahissar front.

GENOA CONFERENCE.

United States Not to Participate.

Washington, March 9.
The United States has declined the invitation to participate in the Genoa Conference.

TENNIS PLAYER'S DEATH.

Paris, March 8.
The death is announced of the French tennis player, Laprentz.

THE DAVIS CUP.

New York, March 8.
Spain has challenged for the Davis Cup.

(Other Telegrams on Page 2.)

TAIPO ROAD SHOOTING AFFAIR.

Opening of the Enquiry.

The inquiry in connection with the shooting of Chinese on the Taiipo Road on March 3rd, was opened at the Magistrate's Court, before Mr. J. R. Wood, this afternoon.
Mr. G. H. Wakeman appeared on behalf of the Government. He was not appearing for any individual, he said, or for the military or police. The police officers concerned were represented by Mr. W. E. L. Shenton.

The Coroner explained that this was an inquiry into the death of a man named Tan Shuc-pu; which occurred on the 3rd of this month on the Taiipo Road. Seeing that the circumstances of his death were closely connected with the circumstances of the recent strike the Coroner intimated that any person called to serve on the Jury who was connected with the strike and wished to be excused would not be called upon to serve.

Mr. Chow Shiu-ki asked to be excused on the ground that he had been taking part in the strike negotiations, and his name was accordingly withdrawn.

The Jury were then called. They were Messrs. W. K. Leask (foreman), A. H. Ferguson and F. C. Hall.

Mr. Wakeman said it was the desire of the Government that the fullest inquiry should be made with regard to the unfortunate occurrence which happened on the morning of the 3rd inst. on the Taiipo Road. It would be his duty to do what he could to collect evidence and present it to his Worship and the Jury, and he would endeavour to get some evidence from the persons who formed a part of the crowd. He asked his Worship to make a statement that any person forming part of this crowd who desired to come forward and give evidence might do so. No proceedings would be taken against them either for being in the crowd or for participating. It had been impossible to hold the inquiry before to-day, for the reason that in such cases it was necessary to collect evidence, prepare plans and other preliminaries and some of the persons who were necessary witnesses were engaged in urgent matters connected with the strike.

The Coroner announced that if anybody concerned in the matter wished to give evidence he would be glad if they would arrange that the evidence be taken.

After consulting with the Jury, the Coroner intimated that it would be convenient if the inquiry was continued next Monday afternoon at 2.15 and continued the next morning at 11 o'clock and from then onwards until finished.

Mr. Wakeman then proceeded to call evidence.

The first witness was Dr. Smalley, who said when he first saw deceased, on March 3rd, he was alive. He was lying by the side of the Taiipo Road, near the second milestone. Witness said there was a bullet wound in the man's groin, and then proceeded to describe the injury more minutely.

The hearing is proceeding as we go to press.

CHINESE NEWS.

A Peking telegram states that Wu Pui-foo has wired stating he will support Pao Kwei-ching, Military Minister, in the formation of a Cabinet.

A Shanghai telegram states that a force commanded by Chang Fook-loi has arrived outside Changsha city under orders from Wu Pui-foo, for defensive purposes.

Our Canton correspondent states that Sun Yat-sen has ordered the military authorities in Kwangsi, Yunnan and Kweichow to oppose Tong Chi-Yao's forces. Tong has already established headquarters and begun to march to Yunnan.

WORKERS COMING BACK.

Seamen Return.

Everything in rapidly settling down to normal again. All the hotels are carrying on as usual, business at Messrs. Wiseman's this morning was in full swing and the Dairy Farm are now working under normal conditions. Many people report the return of their house servants, and on the water front there is more activity than there has been for some time.

Volunteer Proclamation Rescinded.

The proclamation calling up the Volunteers has been rescinded, the emergency regulations have been cancelled and the Government has taken off the restrictions on rice, coal and flour.

P.W.D. Staff Thanked.

The assistance given by various people during the recent trouble is greatly appreciated all round and in connection with the P.W.D. the Hon. Director of Public Works has issued notices thanking the European and other officers of his department for their services during the strike, stating that he appreciates the cheerful manner in which they were ready to respond to any demands made by the Government to carry on through the emergency. In another notice the Chinese staff of the P.W.D. who remained faithfully at their posts and carried out their duties in the service of the Government in an efficient manner during the trouble are also thanked.

Seamen Return.

Contrary to expectations, many strikers did not return to the Colony by the river steamers *Loong-Sai*, *Hoi-Sing* and *Huang Shan*. The two first-named only brought a few men back and only some four hundred returned in the *Huang Shan*. The seamen appear to be coming back in greater numbers, however, to-day and on the mid-day train from Canton there were about eight hundred. Huge crowds of Chinese, carrying guild and other banners, and accompanied by bands, gathered both at the Kowloon and Hongkong ferry piers to welcome back the seamen. Hats were waved, and there was much beating of drums and banging of cymbals, as the seamen in orderly fashion took their places in the procession and followed the demonstrators. Most of the seamen had their belongings done up in ship's canvas. All were bright and cheery, and there was no untoward incident of any kind.

Canton Celebrating.

Demonstrations continued all day yesterday and there was a large crowd on the Praya with lanterns, about midnight last night to welcome returned seamen. Vessels arriving from Canton report that there is much celebrating going on in that city and it is thought that perhaps some of the strikers may want to make merry for a while before resuming work.

Shipping More Active.

A number of the river and coastal steamers are now carrying on as usual again. The *Choy-sang*, which has been laid up in Canton throughout the strike, got away yesterday and arrived in Hongkong this morning, bringing about fifty passengers and general cargo. Yesterday the *Wa Sun* sailed for Shammi and the *Sui Yick* left for the same port at daylight this morning. The *Hwah Kuei* left yesterday for Saigon and the *Chung Hing* and the *Pak Wo* have also got away.

Canton and London.

Our Canton correspondent states that an extraordinary meeting of the State Department held on Tuesday, it was decided to telegraph to the British Government in London asking that the Hongkong Government be re-

quired to deal severely with the matter of the shooting on the Taiipo road and that the British Consul in Canton be instructed to take the matter up.

An Explanation.

With regard to the official denial of the statement made in the *Daily Press* that the man Robinson, sentenced by the Marine Magistrate for unlawful boarding, has been released as a result of the strike negotiations, the Editor of that journal asks us to state that the information published in the *Daily Press* was obtained from Mr. P. P. J. Wodehouse, Deputy Superintendent of Police, some hours subsequent to the statement made by Mr. Fletcher at the Hongkong Club, and, therefore, it was only reasonable to assume that the case of the prisoner in question had been reconsidered in the meantime.

And a Denial.

Mr. A. G. M. Fletcher, Assistant Colonial Secretary, writes us to-day as follows:—

"With reference to my letter to you of the 8th. March, a statement appears in the *Daily Press* of the 9th. March that the information that Robinson had been released was obtained from Mr. Wodehouse, Deputy Superintendent of Police."

"Mr. Wodehouse states that about 6 p.m. on the 7th March he received an enquiry by telephone from the *Daily Press*, whether the persons detained in connection with the strike had been released. He understood the enquiry to refer to persons detained in the Police cells and not to persons serving sentences in Gaol, and he replied in the affirmative. He states that Robinson's name was not mentioned."

News in To-day's New Advertisements.

Mr. Joseph Esmail has been appointed secretary for Messrs. Britto & Co. Ltd.—Page 4.

The annual dinner of the University Arts Association will take place as arranged.—Page 4.

A fully furnished five-roomed house, in Kowloon is to let.—Page 4.

The date for receiving Naval Contracts for the supply of provisions has been extended until March 13.—Page 4.

Lane Crawford's advertise shirts and collars.—Page 3.

Crown Land at Kowloon City Road will be sold by public Auction on Monday next.—Page 4.

"The Heart of Maryland" is the film feature at the Coronet and "Male and Female" is the title of the big picture at the Kowloon Theatre to-night.—Page 12.

A small light brown Pekinese Chowdog is lost.—Page 4.

A Tack has outfit for photographers, amateur and professional.—Page 2.

The Dairy Farm Coy. intimate that until conditions become normal sales in the butchery department will be against cash only.—Page 4.

The R.E.K. Yacht Club events arranged for the 4th and 5th inst. will be sailed off on the 11th and 12th inst.—Page 4.

A hundred share certificates of the Hongkong Rope Manufacturing Co. have been lost.—Page 4.

To-Day's Exchange.

The closing rate of the dollar on demand to-day was 2s. 4.13/16d

The Weather.

2 p.m. Barometer—30.07 Temperature—61° Humidity—64°

Lighting-Up Time.

Lighting-up time to-day 6.30 p.m.

NOTICE

W. S. BAILEY
& CO., LTD.ENGINEERS & SHIP-
BUILDERS, HOK UN,
KOWLOON.HARBOUR REPAIRS
Call Flag "L".Sole Agents for
"KELVIN MOTORS."Motors from 12 B.H.P. to
50 B.H.P. now in stock,
also spare parts.Works ... Tel. K. 21.
Manager ... K. 633.
Secretary ... K. 389.
Harbour Engineers ... K. 604.
K. 622.

Telegrams "SEYBOURNE"

EXCITING DAYS

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them, for later days, by taking
pictures NOW.Outfits for amateurs and profes-
sionals—all makes—all prices,
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Complete stock. Best terms.
Immediate delivery.

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OTHERS take your photos, but
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take yours in EXCELLENT
CONDITION and NATURAL
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Telephone No. 405.
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COMPANY, LIMITED.

PORTLAND CEMENT.

In Casks of 375 lbs. net.
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General Managers.
Hongkong.

MARTIN'S
APIOL & STEEL PILLS
for Ladies

A French Remedy for all irregularities.
Thousands of Ladies who try a box
of Martin's Pills in the home, so that
on the first sign of any irregularity of
the system a timely dose may be ad-
ministered. Those who use them recom-
mend them, hence their enormous sale.
All Chemists and Druggists sell them
throughout the world, or post free 1/-,
MARTIN, Chemist, Southampton, Eng.

MARTIN'S
APIOL & STEEL PILLS
for Ladies

THERAPION No. 1
THERAPION No. 2
THERAPION No. 3

No. 1 for Bladder Catarrh. No. 2 for Blood &
Skin Diseases. No. 3 for Chronic Venereal
Disease. Sold by Leading Chemists. Price 1/- each.
Sole Agents: Messrs. Anglo-Siam Corporation,
10, Raffles Place, Singapore.

ELABORATE HEAD DRESSES



By Marian Hale.

No use trying to trace the influence of the new head dresses
for women.Jewels and feathers alone are no longer enough. Com-
binations astounding in their gorgeousness are the mode.One evening barette shows a band of red velvet studded with
diamond-encircled rubies, while a larger ornament of the same
stones holds a drooping red willow plume in place.The barette has still another piece extending over the top of
the hair.These evening head dresses, of course, come in all colours
from jade-green to black.A commanding evening hair ornament of black, with velvet
bandeau across the front, has a jewelled ornament holding an
upstanding ostrich tip. This feather is heavily encrusted in
designs, with brilliants.The chaste Greek fillet is still good, one modification show-
ing beautiful clusters of berries. Spanish combs, not to be cast
aside by the newer imports, are shown in all sizes and con-
ditions. One exquisite comb is of finely wrought silver and
brilliants.

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

THE PACIFIC TREATY.

London, March 8.
Washington messages show that the Pacific Treaty debate in the
Senate is now well under way and will continue uninterruptedly
until a vote is taken. The opening speeches stressed the importance
to America of the abrogation of the Anglo-Japanese Alliance, but
the irreconcilables declared that the Alliance was extended by the
inclusion of America and France. Senator Borah asked whether
the Pacific Treaty abrogated, nullified or modified the Lansing-
Ishii agreement. Senator Underwood replied in the affirmative, out
a resolution requesting information on the subject from the Pres-
ident was finally passed with the assent of the Republicans. In the
course of the debate Senator Lodge described the Treaty as the most
important matter at present before the country and declared that
the majority party intended to keep it continuously before the Senate
until disposed of. Some of the Democrats are attacking Senator
Lodge, but it is considered that the mass of the American people
will accept the Treaty with its compulsory agreements and is in-
clined to resent the time wasted in political hairsplitting when very
important domestic questions await action. The attitude of the
sane and more cautious Democrats is supported by a statement by
Mr. Bryan that the Treaty is merely an imitation of his contribu-
tion to foreign affairs when he was Secretary of State, and Demo-
crats should find a campaign issue in the domestic field. The
Democrats are therefore unlikely to press the fight over the treaties
which the country generally applauds.

SOUTH AFRICAN STRIKE.

Capetown, March 8.
Speaking in the Assembly, Premier Smuts described the strike
situation as somewhat worse and deplored the tone of the Chamber
of Mines' reply to the Industrial Federation. He criticised the latter
dropping the ballot proposal, whereby he had hoped a settlement
would have been effected.

THE TENNIS
CHAMPIONSHIP.

Few Games Played.

So far very few games have been
played in the lawn tennis cham-
pionships, the competitions having
to take a seat far back behind the
strike. We give the results of the
matches to date.

Open Championship Singles.
M. K. Lo beat C. Choa 6-4, 6-1,
6-3.
L. Nelson walk over from
M.D.C. Sandberg.
Open Championship Doubles.
Ng Sze-kwong and W. Lock Wei
beat M. H. Lo and C. Choa 6-4,
7-5, 6-1.

H. D. and A. H. Rumjaha walk
over from M.D.C. Sandberg and
N. Trambitzky.

Club Championship.
Lt. A. S. Lindell beat E. L.
Leader 6-3, 6-0, 6-2.
C. C. Stark, walk-over from
M. D. C. Sandberg.

Forthcoming Matches.
The following are the matches
for to-day and to-morrow:
To-day: L. Jack v. N. Trambitzky,
E. E. Brown v. O. Rumjaha, in the Open Singles;
To-morrow: J. B. Penman v.
G. M. Dodwell, M. W. Lo v. E. C.
Fincher, in the Open Singles; G.
E. Ellams v. B. Crowley in the
Handicap Singles "B"; L. de
Leeuw and K. W. Lane v. P. W.
Barker and A. T. Stubbs in the
Handicap Doubles.

CHINESE Y.W.C.A.

Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the
Chinese Young Women's Christian
Association was held in the Asso-
ciation's building, 39, Caine Road,
yesterday afternoon and attended
by a large number of Chinese
ladies. Mrs. Ma Ying-piu presided,
and with her on the platform
were Miss Mackay and Mr. Ho
Lai-sun.

After the singing of a hymn, and
a prayer offered by Mrs. Wong
Kwok-shuen, Miss Mackay de-
livered a short address in which
she exhorted both officials and
members of the organisation to
exert themselves in pursuing the
splendid work which the Y.W.C.A.
had performed so as to ensure
better results next year. There
was a lot more to do, such as
assisting girls and women work-
ing in factories. The work required
a bigger staff. In this connection
she was glad to report that this
year there were two Chinese
Secretaries, instead of one and
she hoped they would be the means
of advancing the progress of the
organisation.

Miss Shin Tak-hing, Chinese
Secretary, then read the annual
report, which stated, inter alia,
that the membership was 191, in-
creased at the New Year to 235.
In the educational department
there were 130 pupils, the Home
Nursing and Mandarin classes
having been the most popular.
There was a series of lectures for
mothers, also a course of "Know
your Colony" lectures. Visits
were paid to the Po Leung Kuk
and the Observatory, while the
aims of the Anti-Muttsai Society
were also explained. The first
club for girls is being organised
and has a membership of 42.
Thanks were expressed to many
helpers.

Mrs. Ma Wing-chan presented
the financial report, after which
Mr. Ho Lai-sun addressed
the meeting. The proceedings
terminated with a hymn and
prayer.

ENTERPRISE IN
SHANGHAI.

Glen Line's New Building.

Standing at the corner of Peking
Road and the Bund, and overlook-
ing the port of Shanghai and its
crowded shipping and commerce,
the new Glen Line Building, which
is now open for business, has a
commanding position.
The official view day for the
public was held on Feb. 23, and a
large number of prominent people,
coming, mostly from business

CANTON MURDER.

Seamen's Union Ex-
President Charged.

Canton, March 8.

On the 7th inst., at 10 a.m., P.S.
Chan, ex-President of the Seamen's
Union, was brought before the
Local Court, for trial on a charge of
murdering his wife on Feb. 11. Chan
contradicted all his former evidence,
and said that he did not have any
intention to murder his wife. He
also stated that on the day in
question he was on a visit to White
Cloud Hill with a friend and on his
way back near the grave of Beauty
at Tung-sha Road, he saw his wife
coming toward him with a young
man. On seeing him, his wife ran
away. He added he had no
intention of inducing his wife to
the place and then shoot her.

Asked why he shot the police,
the "prisoner" explained that as
they were in plain clothes and no
warrant was shown him before
arrest, he mistook them as
assassins as a report had been re-
ceived that some men came from
Hongkong to assassinate him. The
prisoner further stated that the
young man who accompanied his
wife even opened fire upon him and
in returning the fire, he shot her.

The judge however was not
satisfied with the evidence of the
prisoner, as it was in conflict with
his former statement, and asked
the prisoners lawyer to give his
opinion of the matter. Besides, if
there really had been any misunder-
standing, why should the prisoner
have shot the police at the hotel?
The judge was at a loss to know
why he opened fire after he ran to
another shop.

The case was adjourned.

circles inspected the magnificent
building, which is one of the finest
in Shanghai. Its many rooms and
their superior fittings give the
building a capacity for business,
and one feels instinctively that
British commerce has a certain
home there.

Nothing elaborate in the way of
ceremony was held, but, in the pre-
sence of a large number of
visitors, Mr. H. H. Fox, H.M. Com-
mercial Councillor, asked them to
drink a toast to the Glen Line,
Ltd. He said the building was
not only a tribute to the energy
and capacity of the company, but
it was also a tribute to British
enterprise in Shanghai. His re-
marks were heartily endorsed by
those present, among whom were
Messrs. John Prentice, C. M. Bain,
A. Brooke-Smith, T. A. Clark, E. F.
Mackay, R. I. Fearon, Gordon
Lowder, Commissioner of Customs,
Chu Pao-san, Gordon Morris,
H. G. Simms, A. L. Anderson, A. C.
Clear, Judge Peter Grain, Very
Rev. Dean Symons, and G. H. Stitt.

Surest thing
you know!

They Satisfy

—and the blend
can't be copiedChesterfield
CIGARETTES

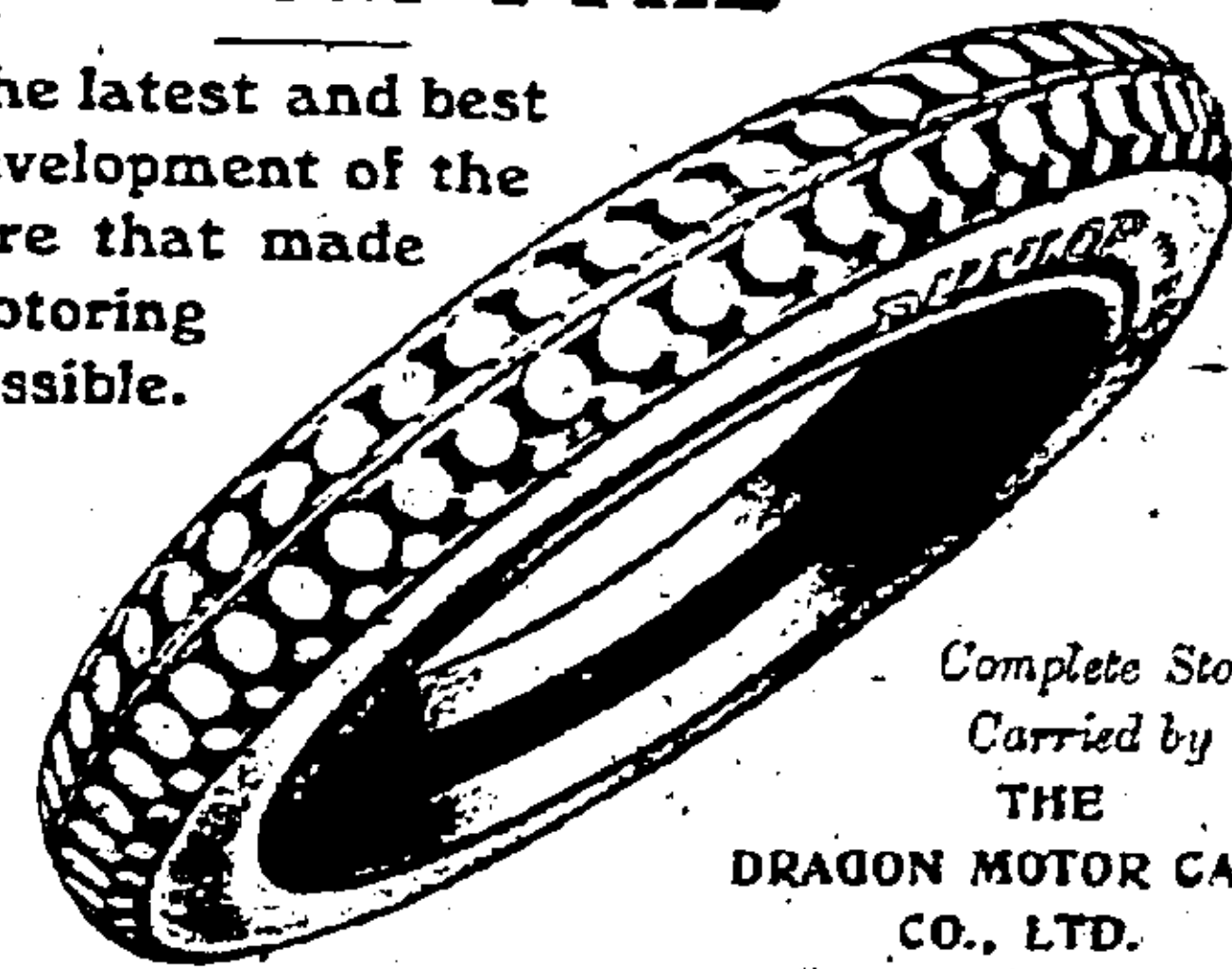
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THE KING OF WATER PAINTS

Its Sanitary, washable, and high distem-
per qualities make it the ideal wall covering for
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Handled by all Contractors and Painters.
Write for our Brochure on "How to decorate
your home."

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Sole Agents,
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NEW TYPE
MAGNUM TYREThe latest and best
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Complete Stock
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THE
DRAGON MOTOR CAR
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And Obtainable at all Garages.

DUNLOP
RUBBER CO., LTD.

(Founders throughout the world of
the pneumatic tyre industry).
Cables: 20, Kinkiang Road,
"PNEUMATIC" Shanghai.

STRIKE ECHO.

Shanghai Chinese Editor
Charged.

A sequel to the Hongkong sea-
men's strike was heard at the Mix-
ed Court at Shanghai when the
editor of a local Chinese daily, the
Min Wu Pao, was charged with
inciting his readers to punish the
complainant for his efforts in
recruiting Shanghai sailors to man
the idle ships in the South.

Much argument ensued between
Mr. Faithfull, Police Advocate,
who prosecuted, and Mr. P. M.
Laneberger, counsel for the de-
fence. The plea of the defendant
was that he published the offend-
ing item as a public cablegram but
Mr. Faithfull brought up the point

BILLIARD
CHAMPIONSHIP.

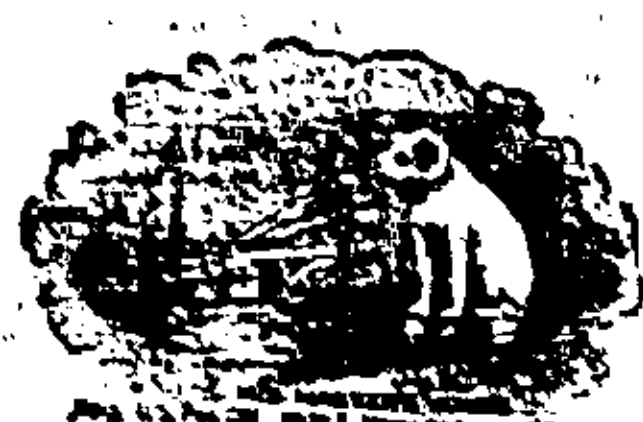
The games in the Billiard Cham-
pionship of the Colony will be re-
sumed on Friday the 10th inst.,
when W.E. Noss will play E.
Antonio, at 5 p.m. and E. L.
Barros will play P.A. Yvanovich at
8.30 p.m.

Owing to the strike dates of play
for the other matches have been
altered and competitors are request-
ed to consult the Club fixture list.

that the editor had been guilty of
similar offences in the past.
The defendant was eventually
discharged, the Court holding that
not sufficient evidence had been
brought forward justifying a con-
viction.

NOTICE

VICTOR RECORDS



Sally	...	No. 35706
Yellow Dog Blues	...	18618
Chills Bean	...	18693
Na-Jo	...	18779
Ma	...	18819
Wang Wang Blues	...	18694
Bright Eyes	...	18735
Alcoholic Blues	...	18617
Fidgety Feet	...	18564
Chasing the Chickens	...	18476
Peter Gink	...	18562
Karavan	...	18662
Egyptland	...	18562
When you're alone	...	18662

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(Mr. Jaz)



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LIMITED.

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A VALUABLE REMEDY FOR ACUTE AND CHRONIC AFFECTIONS
OF THE THROAT AND LUNGS, COUGHS, COLDS, ETC.
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SHOES, SHIRTS, SCARVES,
FLANNEL TROUSERS,
Etc., Etc.

FOR LADIES.

SHOES, SOCKS, SCARVES,
SWEATERS,
Etc., Etc.

UNSURPASSED FOR STYLE & VALUE

THE SINCERE CO., LTD.

BOTTOMLEY DROPS HIS
LIBEL CASE.

Bigland Discharged.

With dramatic suddenness the case in which Mr. Horatio Bottomley, M.P., charged Reuben Bigland with criminal libel, collapsed at the Old Bailey, and Bigland was discharged within an hour of the beginning of the case.

Following an unsuccessful application for an adjournment desired by Mr. Bottomley, his counsel Sir E. Marshall Hall, offered no evidence against Bigland, who was formally acquitted. There had been the keenest competition to secure admission to the court and one of those who occupied a front seat in the public gallery was a man of colour.

Bigland entered the dock carrying a capacious leather bag which bulged with documents; in the corridors counsel and solicitor's clerks staggered under bluebags heavy with further documents.

It was not surprising to hear Mr. Conyns Carr (defending Bigland) state that, on their side, they had a van load of papers, &c., or Sir E. Marshall Hall declare that he also had 50 Shannon Blues full of them.

Scarcely had the court assembled then a gray-haired man in the gallery created a disturbance. He asked indulgence and was making a statement when the judge ordered his removal—an order quietly and quickly carried out.

Bigland pleaded "Not guilty." He said he wished to read a plea of justification. It contained 57 paragraphs and covered about 20 closely-typed pages.

He was told that this could be done after the jury had been sworn—a proceeding delayed for half an hour while opposing counsel engaged in a legal argument.

VICTORY WAR BOND CLUB.
Sir Edward Marshall Hall, in a low, even voice, here asked for an adjournment on the ground that the prosecution desired to secure the attendance of certain witnesses.

"The gravamen of the libel," said Sir Marshall Hall, "is to expose what Mr. Bigland says is a fact—that the Victory War Bond Club and affiliated undertakings are fraudulent both in inception and carrying out."

Three undertakings, he added, were dealt with—the War Stock Combination, the Victory Bond Club, and the Thrift Prize Bond. It had now been intimated that he wished to plead justification.

Until that plea was actually made it would not exist, and it was open to Bigland at any moment not to make that plea.

Then the only one would be a general plea of "Not guilty."

With reference to the accounts connected with the three great undertakings, which amounted to nearly one million pounds, Sir Edward continued, it was of vital importance that a properly detailed and audited report should be put before the Court before the question of their fraudulent character could possibly be entertained.

In the early days the whole of the documents, vouchers, books, &c., connected with these companies were handed over to the Receivers. His client, Mr. Bottomley, had applied for certain accounts, but was unable to get them.

Under an order of Mr. Justice Sargent, however, an advertisement had been inserted in the papers giving all persons who had claims until February 28 to send them in. Until those claims came in it was impossible to say what was the position of the funds of the firm.

The whole case for the defence was that large sums had been obtained to the detriment of the people who subscribed. About £25,000 he added, had been handed over by Mr. Bottomley to the Receivers.

A SOLDIER VILLAGE.

The Fifth Regiment of the Second Army Division encamped in Soochow has recently striven to organize a "New Village" to the east of the Mito Bridge under the auspices of the officers. A special Committee has been nominated in this connection, and it is ascertained that hospital, race-course, factory, recreation ground, and market will all be provided for around the barracks. It is also contemplated that a large building will be constructed in the centre which will be devoted as the social centre and the office of self-government. — *Chingkuo Pao.*

ACEAL

MANUFACTURERS' REPRESENTATIVES

MACHINERY & HARDWARE

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS

ALL BRITISH

Anglo-Chinese Engineers Association, Ltd.

Tel. 673. 3 Queen's Buildings. REISS & Co. Show Room 15, 16 Connaught Rd.
(REISS BROS., LTD.)

NEW POLITICAL PARTY IN
JAPAN.

Army Limitation a Prominent Plank.

A political movement, which is still limited to only a few non-partisan but highly influential politicians, is the plan of organizing a new party with the Kokuminto as nucleus. Those who are in sympathy with the movement are said to include many of those who are thought to side with the bureaucrats, and who are regarded as possible Ministers of State at some future time.

The question of army limitation has become so popular that even the Ministerialists have found themselves confronted with the necessity of action instead of remaining indifferent, as is usual when the initiative is taken by any of the opposition.

The new party now being projected is likely to make this issue one of its most prominent planks, and in view of the fact that the Kokuminto is practically taking the lead in this issue, it is thought that the promoters are in a position to join hands with the Kokuminto.

TO COUNTERBALANCE PREDOMINANCE.

The ultimate motive, however, in organizing a new political party of sufficient power and magnitude to count in the political developments of the country must be sought not in the necessity of coping with any special situation like the limitation of land armaments, but in a desire that has long existed of preventing the predominance of any single party. This feeling has long been entertained by those politicians who are free of party affiliations and are generally classed as bureaucrats.

The Japanese word which is translated bureaucrats is *kanryo*. But *kanryo* are not exactly bureaucrats as the word is understood in English speaking countries. *Kanryo* are those politicians who owe nothing to any of the political parties, but are men who have been in the service of the Government before any of the political administration.

It is a group of this class of ex-government officials and their sympathizers who would organize a new party which they expect to be free from the traditions and usages of the existing parties.

NEED FOR A NEW PARTY.

When the late Prince Katsura organized his party known as the Rikken Doshikai which is the precursor of the present Kenseikai, there were many of the so-called *kanryo* who joined the party. Viscount Kato and Baron Gotobe, among the most prominent. But the Kenseikai, having failed to reach the expectations of those who hoped the party would be strong enough to form a Government whenever an opportunity should arrive, the need has long been felt for another party sufficiently powerful to stand in opposition to the Seiyukai, and in view of the fact that a very popular issue is now to the fore in the form of army curtailment, the promoters are believed to be leaving no stone unturned in their efforts. But everything largely depends

JAPAN BUYING ART
TREASURES.

Morrison Collection Purchased by Baron Iwasaki.

The splendid collection of books belonging to the late Dr. Morrison, so well-known in China and Japan, has been purchased by Baron Iwasaki, Japan's Rockefeller. The books have been donated by the Baron to the public and will be available to all. The Baron has also presented one of his Tokyo residences—in Hongkong—for a library and this house will be the repository of several hoary old volumes that Dr. Morrison loved so much.

While Baron Iwasaki was busy endeavouring to buy up the valuable collection of books that Dr. Morrison possessed, Mr. K. Matsukata, Kobe's great shipping magnate, was busy purchasing works of art in Europe. Mr. Matsukata returned to Japan this week and with him came about one thousand works of art, valued at several hundreds of thousands of dollars. Mr. Matsukata—it is not generally well known—is the third son of Marquis Matsukata who was once Premier of Japan. Unlike the rest of the family, Kobe's Mr. Matsukata abandoned politics for business, and has taken a place in the ranks of the wealthiest in the world.

"ONLY A HOBBY."
Interviewed, Mr. Matsukata declared that "this art raid is only a hobby of mine. I commenced making a collection of art treasures during the war. The idea of creating an art gallery in Japan became so fascinating that wherever I was in Europe, I took the opportunity of making purchases of some sort and adding to my collection."

TWO REMBRANDTS.
Mr. Matsukata has nearly one thousand works of art that, before the war, belonged to Europe. Amongst these are two Rembrandts of which he speaks with a feeling amounting to devotion and love. He has also some of the best works of Gainsborough, Constable, Reynolds, J. Shannon and Wilson Steer. The second of only two existing sculptures known as "The Gate of Hell" was also recently bought by Mr. Matsukata.

£1,000,000 ART GALLERY.
Mr. Matsukata intends to build an Art Gallery in Tokyo. When completed, the Gallery and its contents will cost £1,000,000. The Gallery is to be built according to the English style of architecture, and the design is being prepared by Mr. Brangwyn, one of the best living artists of Britain. Along with his pictures and sculptures, Mr. Matsukata also intends to place some famous piece of tapestry purchased in Belgium in the Art Gallery.

on the central figure. Another Katsura is wanted to facilitate the consummation of a new party, and the progress of the movement is considered worthy of the closest attention, seeing that Prince Yamagata, long regarded as the backbone of this *kanryo*, is now removed from the scene.

NOTICE

LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.



FINE QUALITY DAY
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CUT AND TAILORED TO GIVE

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STRIPED \$5.50 EACH

COTELLA \$4.75

LONGCLOTH \$6.50

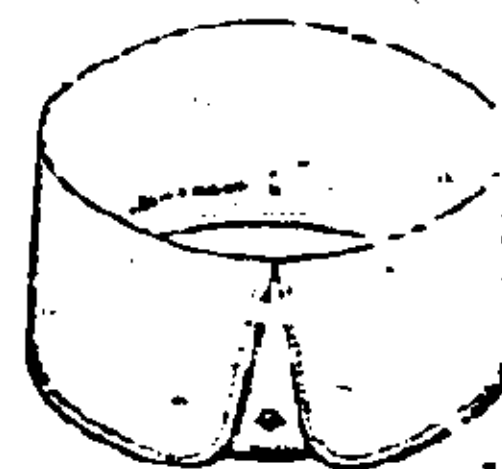
AERTEX \$6.00

FOUR FOLD LINEN COLLARS

IN ALL SIZES AND

VARIOUS SHAPES

\$7.50 dozen



SOFT COLLARS IN VARIOUS SHAPES \$7.50 DOZEN.

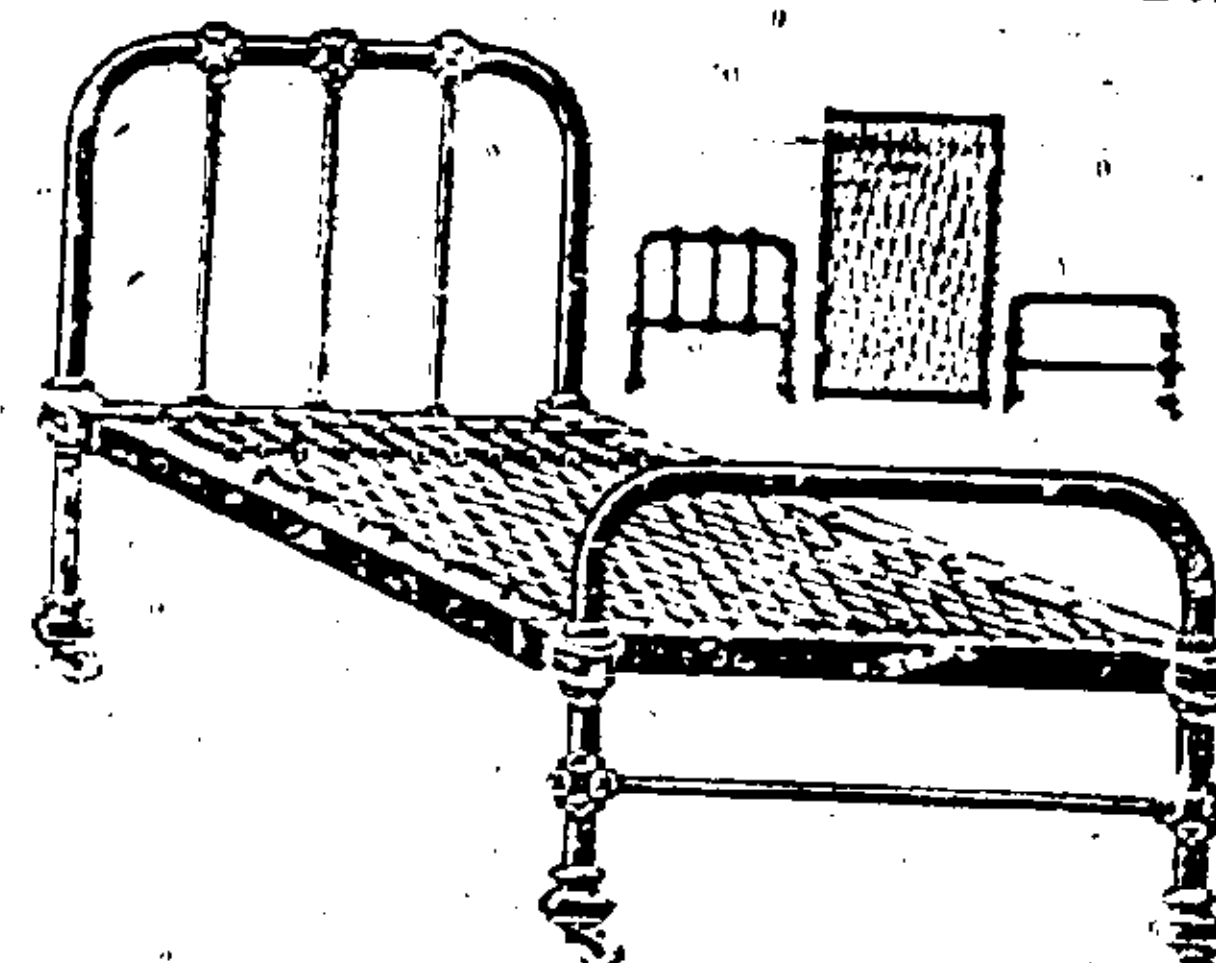
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IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT
REDUCTION IN PRICES.

We have revalued our entire stock and have re-marked the same in accordance with the low prices now ruling in the markets at home. This has meant a considerable reduction in our selling prices and we are now able to offer the public of Hongkong

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Very strong and reliable. Anti-Sagging Diamond wire mattress. Size 6 1/2 by 3 feet. Well finished in black Enamel.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO BE LET.

TO LET.—3 new Office Rooms in Central locality from 1st April. Apply SANG KEE c/o Comptroller Department, Hongkong & Shanghai Bank, Des Voeux Road entrance.

TO LET.—Excellent suite of offices 4 rooms in Chater Road; early possession.—Apply Box No. 675 c/o "Hongkong Telegraph."

TO LET.—FOR RENT.—One house at Cheung Chau Island for Summer months. For particulars address I. T. THOMAS, Yingtak, China, North River.

TO LET FURNISHED.—From 15th May 1932 to 31st January 1933—fully equipped 5-roomed house at Kowloon; excellently situated near Royal Observatory. Preference given to tenant who would let one room to a young bachelor the son of the Lessor. Apply Box No. 677, c/o "Hongkong Telegraph."

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—"Indian" motor-cycle Powerplus model. Almost new. Perfect running order. Complete with Speedometer etc. Apply Box No. 678, c/o "Hongkong Telegraph."

THE HONGKONG ROPE MANUFACTURING CO., LTD.

LOST.

LOST.—Application has been made to the General Managers of this Company to issue to Mr. Chan Laito of Hongkong a duplicate Certificate for One hundred shares in this Company numbered 7481/7580 or other Certificate in lieu thereof, upon statement that the original Certificate No. 1952 dated the 5th March 1930, has been lost or mislaid; and Notice is hereby given that if within thirty days from the date hereof no claim or representation in respect of such original Certificate is made to the General Managers, they will then proceed to deal with such application.

FOR THE HONGKONG ROPE MANUFACTURING CO., LTD.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.

General Managers.
St. George's Buildings,
Hongkong, 9th March, 1932.

LOST.—Small light brown Pekinese-Chow Dog, answers to name of "Caruso." Finder will be rewarded. Madame Eunice, Milliner, 4 Rose Terrace, Nathan Road, Kowloon.

HONGKONG HOTEL CO., LTD.

NOTICE is hereby given that the ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS in this Company will be held at the Company's Hotel, Hongkong, on Wednesday, 15th March, 1932, at Noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Board of Directors, together with a Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1931.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

H. N. BEAUREPAIRE,
Secretary.

BRITISH LEGION.

(Hongkong and China Branch.)

THE FIRST ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING will be held in the City Hall, Hongkong, on Tuesday, 7th March, 1932, at 5.30 p.m. for the purpose of receiving the Report and Accounts for the period ending 31st December, 1931, and of electing Officers and a Committee for the ensuing year, and of appointing an Hon. Secretary and Treasurer and Hon. Auditors, and of dealing with any other business.

By Order of the General Committee,
H. K. HOLMES,
Hon. Secretary.

G. R. NOTICE.

Particulars and Conditions of the letting by Public Auction Sale, to be held on Monday, the 13th day of March, 1932, at 3 p.m., at the Offices of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor, of one Lot of Crown Land at Hok Un in the Colony of Hongkong, for a term of 75 years, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the KING, for one further term of 75 years.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

No. of Lot.	Boundary Measurements.	Area in Acres, Roods, and Perches.	Annual Rent.	Upset Price.
1	100 ft. x 100 ft.	1/4	100/-	1,000/-
2	100 ft. x 100 ft.	1/4	100/-	1,000/-
3	100 ft. x 100 ft.	1/4	100/-	1,000/-
4	100 ft. x 100 ft.	1/4	100/-	1,000/-
5	100 ft. x 100 ft.	1/4	100/-	1,000/-
6	100 ft. x 100 ft.	1/4	100/-	1,000/-
7	100 ft. x 100 ft.	1/4	100/-	1,000/-
8	100 ft. x 100 ft.	1/4	100/-	1,000/-
9	100 ft. x 100 ft.	1/4	100/-	1,000/-
10	100 ft. x 100 ft.	1/4	100/-	1,000/-

G. R. NOTICE.

THE GOVERNMENT, being desirous of employing to the best advantage the offers of service they have received through various channels, invite all Able-bodied Men of any Nationality other than Chinese to attend at the City Hall between 11 a.m. and 1 p.m., on the 3rd March, and subsequent days, in order that their names and qualifications may be registered.

This invitation includes the Members of the British Legion, the Ex-Active Service Men's Association, and all who have already tendered their services as special constables.

ROYAL HONGKONG YACHT CLUB.

The events arranged for 4th and 5th inst., will now be sailed off on the 11th and 12th inst. Members please note.

H. S. ROUSE,
Hon. Sec. Sailing Committee.

NOTICE.

We have this day appointed Mr. Joseph E-mail secretary for our firm and he will sign in future as such.

BRITTO & Co., Ltd.
Hongkong, March 9th, 1932.

UNIVERSITY OF HONGKONG.

ARTS ASSOCIATION.

The Annual Dinner & Concert of the above Association will take place, as arranged, on Friday, 10th March, at 7.45 p.m.

NOTICE.

Wm. Powell Ltd.

Two Certificates for Seventy-seven Shares:—Nos. 12265/12379 = 15 Nos. 13718/13779 = 62, in this Company, standing in the name of Mr. Evaristo Mauricio have been lost; and if at the expiration of one month from the date hereof the above Certificates be not forthcoming other Certificates for the said Shares will be issued by the Company, and thereafter no others will be acknowledged.

Wm. POWELL LTD.
Hongkong, 1st March, 1932.

HONGKONG TRAMWAY COMPANY LIMITED.

(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the COLONIAL (Hongkong) Register of the Company will be CLOSED from WEDNESDAY, 15th March 1932, to THURSDAY, 13th April 1932, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
W. E. ROBERTS,
Secretary.
Hongkong, 7th March, 1932.

G. R. NAVY CONTRACTS 1932-1933.

Supply of Fresh Vegetables, Frozen Meat, Soft Bread, Biscuits, Rice and Sugar.

Pursuant to the advertisement previously appearing relative to the above, the date for return of Sealed Tenders to the Commodore has been extended till Noon the 13th March 1932.

H. M. NAVAL DEPOT,
Kowloon.

March 1932.

NOTICE.

We beg to notify our customers that, until conditions become normal, sales in our Butchery Department will be against cash only.

THE DAIRY FARM, ICE AND COLD STORAGE CO., LTD.

BLUE BIRD.

Our Specialities:
HOME MADE CHOCOLATE
(Fresh Daily)

HOME MADE CANDY.

BEST ICE CREAM.

ICE CREAM PARLOUR.

HIGH QUALITY GROCERIES.

BLUE BIRD.

16a, Des Voeux Road Central.

HONGKONG HOTEL CO., LTD.

NOTICE.

Shareholders in the above Company are hereby notified that, owing to the strike, the Annual General Meeting, advertised for WEDNESDAY, March 8th, is postponed until further Notice.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
H. N. BEAUREPAIRE,
Secretary.

HONGKONG POLICE RESERVE.

Ex-members of all nationalities of the Hongkong Police Reserve who are willing to serve as Special Constables are invited to send their names and addresses to the Captain Superintendent of Police.

It is important that the names and addresses be clearly given. Envelopes should be marked "Police Reserve."

WE ANNOUNCE THE

OPENING

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WORKSHOP

IN

HONGKONG

AT

145 PRAYA. E.

MOTOR ENGINEERS

GENERAL REPAIRS

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PHONES 4002

K-673

A.S. WATSON & CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

that the Thirty-seventh Annual Ordinary General Meeting of the Company (since its registration) will be held at the Hongkong Hotel, Hongkong, on Tuesday, the 14th March, 1932, at 11.30 a.m., for the purpose of receiving the Report of the General Managers, together with a statement of Accounts for the year ended the 31st Oct. 1932.

The Register of Shares of the Company will be closed from Thursday, ninth day of March to Thursday, sixteenth day of March, 1932, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares can be registered.

JOHN D. HUMPHREYS

& SON,

General Managers.

Hongkong, 3rd March, 1932.

THE COWIE HARBOUR COAL COMPANY LIMITED.

SILIMPON COAL.

The undersigned are prepared to quote prices for best quality freshly mined SILIMPON COAL, trimmed into Bunkers at SEBATTIK or SANDAKAN (British North Borneo) or to contract for regular Bunker Supplies for 6 or 12 months at favourable rates.

Steamers calling at SEBATTIK or SANDAKAN exclusively for Bunkers are exempt from payment of ordinary Port Charges. The minimum draft of water alongside the Company's Wharf at Sebatik is 28 feet at low water Spring Tides. Charts of Cowie Bay (Sebatik Harbour) and any required information concerning the port can be had on application to

BRADLEY & CO. LTD.

Agents,

The COWIE HARBOUR COAL CO. LTD.

FOR HAIPHONG AND HOIHOW.

Steamers for Haiphong and Hoihow every alternate Tuesday.
The favorable passenger manager
RAI-MUN,
(Capt. Charles E. Page).
Apply Thos. Cook and Sons or P. O. King St.,
114, Wing Lok Street.

NOTICE.

THE HONGKONG & WHAM-POA DOCK COMPANY LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Ordinary Yearly Meeting of Shareholders will be held in the Office of the Company, 2 Queen's Buildings, Hongkong, on Monday, 20th March, 1932, at noon, for consideration of the Directors' Report and Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1931.

The Share Register and Transfer Books will be closed from the 11th to the 20th March 1932, (both days inclusive).

By Order of the Board of Directors,
R. M. DYER,
Chief Manager.

Hongkong, 6th March 1932.

EMERGENCY PORT REGULATIONS.

Examination of Vessels.

Until further notice all steam launches, junks, fishing and other crafts will be examined when entering or leaving Victoria Harbour.

Examination vessels will lie in the Sulphur Channel to the Westward and in the Lyemum Pass to the Eastward.

All launches, junks, etc. entering or leaving Victoria Harbour must approach these vessels for examination.

Launches after Examination will be passed in or out of the Harbour by Flag—Junks will be towed.

At the Western Entrance, no vessel is to pass across an imaginary line drawn from Green Island to Chung Hue Island. The Sulphur Channel only is to be used.

The Port is closed from 6 p.m. to 6 a.m.

Vessels failing to comply with these regulations are liable to be fired on.

These regulations do not apply to steamships over 60 tons, but should such vessel leave Harbour after the Port is closed, she will be required to show the proper night recognition Signal.

C. W. BECKWITH,
Commander R.N.,
Harbour Master, &c.
Hongkong, 3rd March, 1932.

SIR ELLIS KADOORIE, DECEASED.

ALL CLAIMS against the estate of the above deceased must be sent to the undersigned forthwith.

DEACON, LOOKER, DEACON & HARSTON,
Hongkong, 2nd Feb., 1932.

FOREIGN TROOPS IN CHINA.

Recall Deferred Pending Report of Commission.

The conference, dealing with the matter of foreign troops in China as with the cases of extra-territoriality and the tariff in place of the immediate action requested by China, has provided for the appointment of a committee to investigate and report. Even after this committee, composed of the foreign Ministers at Peking and three Chinese members, has rendered its report any Power shall be free to reject any or all of its findings of fact or expressions of opinion.

Their inquiry and report, moreover, are to be concerned only with such troops, police, or railway guards as are maintained in China without the authority of any treaty or agreement. Practically the only body of troops whose presence may be made the subject of inquiry, if it is desired to observe strictly the technical terms of this agreement, is the small Japanese garrison of 600 men at Hankow.

During the past three years Japan has had as many as 70,000 troops at one time in Manchuria along the South Manchurian and Chinese Eastern Railways. She claims that their presence is under authority of treaty. China denies that she has ever agreed to the stationing of railway guards or troops by either Russia or Japan along these lines. The Japanese delegation has declared Japan could not forego the right to maintain railway guards at Manchuria.

As regards troops along the Chinese Eastern Railway, Japan claims that their presence is sanctioned by the Inter-Allied agreement concluded at Vladivostok in 1919, which provided that inter-Allied military forces should guard the Chinese Eastern Railway. The Japanese delegation has informed the conference that their troops will be withdrawn "as soon as the evacuation of Siberia by their troops is effected." Action, therefore, depends on arrangements between Japan and the Far Eastern republic of Siberia.

NO PLAN TO INVESTIGATE TREATIES.

There is a weak spot in the conference resolutions regarding the withdrawal of troops from China. It is that no provision is made for considering whether the claim of authority of treaty under which forces are maintained is properly made.

Japan justifies the presence of her 1,050 consular police and 247 police stations in Manchuria under the right of extra-territoriality conceded by treaty. Her delegation has explained their presence in Manchuria, Mongolia, and Fukiien on the ground of necessity of protecting life and property. The conference resolution has practically made it impossible to go behind these claims.

The Chinese delegation felt the inadequacy of the measures proposed by the conference. Minister Sze in a formal statement reserved the sovereign rights of China over the sending into or stationing within her borders of foreign armed forces. He placed it on record that while China might voluntarily consent to the Powers conducting an inquiry into the necessity for the continuance of foreign troops in her territory, this did not limit her sovereign right to refuse entrance to them or their further continuance within her borders.

WHAT CHINESE WANTED.

The proposition which Minister Sze put before the conference when the question of foreign troops was raised was as follows: Each of the Powers should declare that without the consent of China it would not station troops or railway guards or establish or maintain police boxes upon the soil of China. Such a now exist without her consent should be at once withdrawn.

The present resolutions amount to a rejection of the Chinese proposals, says a political correspondent. They make no declaration

HONGKONG HOTEL

TEA DANSANT

THURSDAY and FRIDAY,

5 p.m.—7 p.m.

WILL HENDER

AND THE

JAZZ BAND

REPULSE BAY HOTEL

Saturday, March 11th.

DINNER DANSANT

MISS RITA SHIELD

(The Melody Girl)

IN LATEST JAZZ SONGS

WILL HENDER

AND THE

JAZZ BAND

Tables may be reserved.

SIR HENRY WOOD'S ORCHESTRA

ON

COLUMBIA RECORDS.

- L1377-8-9 { "LE CID" BALLET MUSIC IN 6 PARTS
- L1906 { SHEPHERD'S HEY No. 4 SYMPHONY 16
- L1011 { LE PRINCE IGOR MARCH SYMPHONY ANTAR
- L1406 { VALSE DE LA REINE PETITE SUITE DE CONCERT
- L1403 { LARGO IN G CORONATION MARCH
- L1379 { AVE MARIA FUNERAL MARCH OF MARIONETTES
- L1378 { TANNHAUSER (VENUS BERG MUSIC) PARTS 1 & 2

AT

ANDERSON'S

(Opposite City Hall)

of intention as to future action. They give no binding promise to withdraw such troops or police as are now illegally in China. Each Power is left a free hand, not only to continue forces already there, but to bring in such as it may please in the future.

There is one saving clause in the resolution. The agreement by any Power to withdraw troops should not be made dependent on the granting by China of any special concession, favour, benefit, immunity, or privilege, political or economical.

This is of importance and interest in view of the situation in Siberia. The delegation of the Far Eastern Republic states that Japan is attempting to make the withdrawal of her troops dependent on the recognition by Russia of special economic and political concessions, regarding fisheries, lumber industries, and mines. There can be no guarantee of the open door or the equality of commercial opportunity so long as they remain in Chinese or Siberian territory.

The "twenty-one demands" were backed up by the presence of Japanese troops in Mkhden. The same troops were used as a threat to force the Peking Government to instruct its delegates at Paris to modify their stand on Shantung.

The agreement to respect the neutrality of China's territory in future wars to which she is not a party is of little practical effect so long as the South Manchurian and Chinese Eastern Railways can be used for the transport of foreign troops for military operations. The danger to China's territory, in the event of hostilities between Soviet Russia and Japan, is evident. The presence of Japanese troops in Manchuria and along the Chinese Eastern Railway threatens to become a cause for such a conflict. Through their failure

to agree to China's request, the Powers have made possible continued violation of the very principles to which they have stated their adherence.

REALLY GOOD SPECTACLES

are such a comfort to tired or strained eyes that their value cannot be over-estimated. If your eyes need glasses, they should have the best you can get. That means (1) careful and expert examination; (2) precision in the making; (3) adjustment to a nicety; (4) the best of materials. All the above, the Hongkong Optical Co., successors to Clark & Co., manufacturing and refracting opticians, the most complete optical establishment in South China, located in 53, Queen's Road Central, offer you. Testing the sight and fitting glasses is their exclusive business.

MODERATOR'S RETIREMENT.

Rev. Dr. Alexander Ramsay, three years Moderator of the English Presbyterian Synod, is retiring in the spring from the ministry at the Highgate Church, where he has been for 33 years.

MAN-WOMAN-MARRIAGE

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WATSON'S "E" WHISKY.

The price of this Whisky is higher than many imported cased Whiskies, because it costs more, and is better. You get real value because you are not paying the cost of world-wide advertising.

Sole Agents:—

A.S. WATSON & CO., LTD.

Wine & Spirit Merchants.

ESTABLISHED 81 YEARS

TELEPHONE 616.

The Hongkong Telegraph

HONGKONG, THURSDAY, MARCH 9, 1922.

STOP PRATTING!

Now that the strike is over, we find that there is a fairly widespread tendency amongst Europeans to cast blame either upon the Government or the shipowners, or both. In our opinion, whatever we may individually think of the settlement arrived at, it is utterly idle and futile in the face of accepted conditions, to indulge in recriminations of this character. As we have already observed, the parties to the dispute have adjusted their differences. That is the central and the fundamental fact, and criticism of what has been agreed upon can serve no useful purpose. Some of us may be disappointed at the nature of the settlement, but, seeing that it is a settlement, to grumble about it is very much akin to crying over spilt milk. This particular strike is over. Let us be content to regard it as a thing that has passed, except insofar as we may learn from its lessons something which will have a future value.

As we see the situation, the moment calls for constructive comment rather than destructive criticism. Instead of bemoaning the past, let us analyse the present opportunities for the purpose of seeing what can be done to prevent a recurrence of the troubles from which the Colony has just emerged. Can we take precautions for the future? If so, on what lines should we proceed? In this connection, we feel that we cannot at this juncture do better than recall the fact that at the conclusion of the last coal strike at Home, a strong Labour deputation waited on Mr. Lloyd George and pointed out to him the utter wastefulness of strikes and the absurdity of seeking by such cumbersome means to settle industrial disputes. Moreover, that deputation showed that the process both of the strike and the lock-out had proved altogether too costly under existing social conditions; and these Labourites urged the establishment, by enactment, of some compulsory arbitration authority to which both employer and employed would have access when disputes arose. The Premier showed himself sympathetic to the point raised by the deputation, but stated that the matter was of such vital importance that it would need serious consideration before action were taken.

Now, is not this idea of a compulsory Court of Arbitration, set up by legislative enactment, with its decisions having the binding authority of law, the solution of the local problem? If it can be recommended for a country of the extent of Britain, where there is such a wide diversity of labour problems, how much easier of application would it be to Hongkong, where we are all in such intimate touch one with another? No more ideal spot for a trial of the experiment could be imagined. Acceptance of the idea would automatically involve the making of strikes and lock-outs illegal, and would compel the parties to any labour dispute to come before the established arbitration tribunal. In effect, it would mean that the State would take charge of industry in the matter of equity of pay (having regard to the cost of living and the value of services rendered) and in the general conditions of labour, where agreement between employer and employed could not be otherwise attained.

Such a step as we are advocating would, we feel sure, be to the final benefit of capital and labour alike. Had such a Court of Arbitration been in existence two months ago, this Colony would have been spared the unhappy experience through which it has just passed. The magnitude of the material losses which the recent strike caused, both to Hongkong and to South China generally, provides a reason why this suggestion should be thoroughly explored—to say nothing of the even greater potential injury in other directions which might have sprung up. The moment calls for true statesmanship. Our hope is that the occasion will produce the will and the means to render a repetition of the recent crisis the remotest of possibilities.

NOTES & COMMENTS.

Lansing-Ishii Agreement.

The Four-Power pact definitely supercedes the Anglo-Japanese Treaty, and a thought occurred to us as to how it would affect the Lansing-Ishii Agreement, a point which has just been engaging the attention of the United States Senate. A little reflection suggests that the discussion is rather in the nature of a storm in a teacup. After all, the only acknowledgment that Baron Ishii obtained as the result of his mission to America in 1917 was the statement of a fact; the position would be the same whether formally acknowledged or not. The instrument is not in the form of an agreement. There was an exchange of identical Notes, in which the policy of the Open Door was laid down, followed by an acknowledgment that geographical situation gives Japan certain advantages, and consequently a "special relation" (or similar phrase) to China. If Japan seeks to strain the context unduly, it devolves upon the parties concerned to adopt counter-measures accordingly, and would do so. Four-Power pact or no Four-Power pact; but so far as geographical situation, similarity of language, or other natural factors do give Japan advantages, the Lansing-Ishii "agreement" simply records a fact. If China objects to the term "special relation," the Notes might be formally cancelled; the circumstances are there to speak for themselves. The moral appears to be, that it is up to other countries to neutralise Japan's inherent advantages, as far as may be, by efficient transport and the study of Chinese character and customs.

Paying Posts.

When Lord Reading was appointed Viceroy of India last year, it was generally anticipated that Sir Gordon Hewart, the Attorney-General, would succeed to the Lord Chief Justiceship. The prophets were astray, but Sir Gordon has not had long to wait, the then appointee having retired after less than a year's occupancy. Attached to this high office is a stipend of £3,000 a year, which, however, will probably mean a considerable monetary loss to the ex-Attorney-General. The Law Officers are among the most lucrative posts going. Thirty years ago the Attorney-General and the Solicitor-General were paid the fixed salaries of £5,000 and £3,000 respectively on a full-time basis. This was surely fairly good remuneration. After this the Law Officers were allowed to take private practice. Again the system was changed, no private practice being allowed, but liberal fees were granted in addition to the salaries being increased by a thousand pounds apiece. While the law was on Sir Frederick Smith (now Lord Chancellor) received over £20,000 for one year in the shape of salary and allowances for Prize Court and other cases. It is a matter for surprise that the Geddes Economy Committee did not have something to say upon this point (or perhaps it did). Sir Ernest Pollock now moves up from Solicitor-General to "Mr. Attorney," while that successful young Northern lawyer-politician Mr. Leslie Scott, K.C., succeeds to the Solicitor-Generalship. This continues the practice of recent years in appointing young barristers as Law Officers, initiated when "F. E." was appointed at the age of 36. Mr. Scott—who, like that predecessor, represents a Liverpool constituency—looks even younger than his years, his countenance being almost boyish.

The New K.G.

Many people will probably feel perplexed at Sir Arthur Balfour's acceptance of a knighthood in his advancing years—the ex-Premier was born in 1848—after having shown himself indifferent to titles throughout his lengthy career. It is safe to say that it was not the privilege of prefixing "Sir" to his name that induced the new Knight of the Garter to accept the honour just conferred upon him. The fact may not be generally known that the Order of the Garter is so exclusive that the new member is, we think, the only "commoner" in it. With the admission to this Order of the statesman so long familiar to us as "Mr. Balfour," one name as drops out of the list of those prominent public men who have ended their days without any prefix beyond that to which Smith and Brown are entitled. The list is a goodly one, comprising—to name a few—Chambers,

DAY BY DAY.

IT IS EASIER FAR TO BE SAD AND DWELL IN AFFLICTION THAN TO SHAKE OURSELVES FREE FROM AFFLICTION.—*MacFertich.*

The K.C.C. Dance arranged for Friday, March 10th, has been cancelled.—*Advt.*

The wedding will shortly take place of Mr. F. A. Dinsdale, of Messrs. Butterfield & Swire's, to Miss Doris Margaret Smith, of 96, Peak Road.

Yesterday's health return shows four fatal cases of plague, three fatal cases of small-pox and one non-fatal occurrence of diphtheria. All were Chinese.

"Male and Female," the film version of Sir James Barrie's famous play "The Admirable Crichton," shows at the Kowloon Theatre for the last time this evening.

We are asked to state that the inauguration of the new hall at the French Convent School, Causeway Bay, and the presentation of certificates, postponed from Saturday, will take place on Tuesday, 14th. instant, at 5 p.m.

Messrs. Moxon and Taylor inform us that they have received a cable from their Shanghai agents advising that the Oriental Cotton Spinning Co., Ltd., have declared a final dividend of Candareens 50, making Taels 1.50 for the year 1921.

A farm labourer of Sam Pak village has reported to the police that he encountered a gang of highway robbers yesterday morning whilst on his way home from Tsun Shui Po. The gang met him at the Kwai Chung Gap and while one of them held him up with a revolver, the others took from his pocket a sum of \$15. They made their escape.

LOCAL WEDDING.

Quinn-Wong.

A wedding of considerable interest to the Chinese community was solemnised at St. John's Cathedral on Tuesday, the contracting parties being Mr. Sydney Ng Quinn, a young banker, son of the late Mr. and Mrs. T. Ng Quinn, and Miss Winnie Wong, a daughter of Mr. Wong Shiu-ham, Chairman of the China Specie Bank.

There was a large gathering present at the ceremony, which was performed by the Rev. Archdeacon Barnett. The bride was attired in a dress of white French lace and Chantilly lace, the train being of Lyon brocade and Chantilly lace trimmed with orange blossoms. The veil was of illusion net with a wreath of orange blossom. She carried a bouquet of white roses and maiden hair fern and was attended by four bridesmaids in the persons of the Misses Elizabeth Wong, Julia Wong, May Tom and Alice Lam. They were attired in dresses of rose and grey georgette trimmed with hand-embroidered silver and carried bouquets of pink roses and maiden hair fern. Masters Mossy Lai and Mark Wei were pages and Misses Hing Wong and Nelly Sui flower girls. Messrs. S. D. Wang, S. T. Wong, Henry Wei and Percy Lai acted as ushers.

The bride was given away by her father. The groom was supported by Mr. Yung Hin Lun as "best man." An instructive address on the responsibilities of married life was given by the Archdeacon and on the completion of the ceremony, the couple left the Cathedral to the strains of Mendelssohn's Wedding March.

The reception was held at "Patches," the residence of the bridegroom, at No. 5 Arbuthnot Road. Congratulatory speeches, appropriate to the occasion, were delivered by Mr. M. K. Lo, Mr. B. E. Lindell, Mr. G. K. Hall, Bruton and Mr. J. W. Franks, and were replied to by the bridegroom, the best man, Mr. Yung Hin Lun, and Dr. S. T. Wong. The honeymoon will be spent at Peking.

Iain, Gladstone, Cobden, Bright, and to go further back, Burke. Another ex-Premier, Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, would probably have been among the number, his title being due not to choice but inheritance. It may be added that his contemporary the late Mr. Labouchere was heir to a peerage, but renounced it.

Between Ourselves

By Robt. MacWhirter.

A lot of nonsense is being talked about the nature of the strike settlement. One hears the words "surrender" and "humiliation" on almost every hand, and in view of these things I think it is time someone put a few different and more wholesome thoughts on record.

There can be no two opinions on that Chinese seamen employed on boats using this port were entitled to an increase of pay. Ship-owners must have recognised as much; skippers assert that Chinese crews are eminently satisfactory as regards work and easy to handle. The rates of pay were far too low having regard to the services rendered, and though the increases which have been granted might appear to be generous, they are by no means burdensome on those who will have to pay them.

The initial mistake was made by the ship-owners of this Colony when they saw fit to ignore a request from the Union. However much it may hurt the so-called dignity of foreign employers to admit that native labour has found strength through organisation, and that we can no longer pay men just what we like, it needs to be realised by all that the social betterment of the Chinese—about which we all so proudly prattle—will only come through the spread of industrial organisation.

The Chinese worker is at last asking for a fair deal, and I hope he will go on asking until he has put himself on an equal footing with other workers throughout the world, having regard, of course, to his country's economic standards. It is no "humiliation" or "surrender" to recognise his inherent rights as a man. We ought to treat this strike as a lesson and learn that when a Chinese worker makes a request he has a right to be heard and a right to justice. As a Britisher I cannot find cause to be ashamed at that; I should have left shame if employers had crushed a worthy and very human aspiration.

The sympathetic strikes did undoubtedly contain an element of coercion and intimidation. That fact is to be regretted from the moral standpoint, but they helped the foreigner to realise the imperative need of recognising the just demands of a large body of workers. The Triple Alliance at Home threatened to support the miners in their recent strike, and if that had actually taken place the position would have been comparable to what we witnessed here. When Chinese workers show a general appreciation of the power of united action there will be voluntary unity instead of compulsory unity. That is all.

I think it is false and wrong to assume that this strike was an anti-foreign demonstration. It was simply a solid protest against an obvious injustice and slight to a labour Union. I have heard talk of Bolshevism and many other weird allegations against the Chinese workers of the South, but I am forced to reflect that if

Bolshevism comes to the people of China, nothing will be so responsible as a continued belief by employers of labour that their workmen are as so much cattle, only fit for the lowest of pay and the lowest of social life. A little humanity, a little practical thought regarding elevation, and a continuance of educational effort is the best remedy I can suggest to those who go in fear of something more sinister than legitimate proletarian efforts at social improvement. It has been well said that the curse of China is her neglect of her workers. If those workers strive to improve their lot we ought not to hinder. Russia tells us why. If Dives lets Lazarus want, the modern Lazarus has found a remedy.

The Hongkong Government in doing what it did at the beginning of the strike appears to have done a wrong: in repairing that wrong it did right. Up to the time it closed the Seamen's Union it had been proved in no Court of law that any member of that union had indulged in intimidation. That is worth remembering. (It is also worth remembering that the tone of at least one of Mr. Hallifax's pronouncements was intimidatory rather than pacific in character). To close a Union because somebody else is acting unlawfully is far from constitutional and may well involve this Government in serious questions from Home, though, of course, the Government may have had other reasons for doing as it did.

And to prevent men native to Canton from travelling to their homes, is also no light matter, whilst to have killed some in that process of prevention will take a lot of justifying. The Unions had to be reinstated, the arrested men had to be released, and justice demands a full public enquiry into the Shatin shooting. The Hongkong Government gave back only what it had taken away and has neither sold nor made us less secure of the protection of reasonable law. Trade Unions are not illegal; to strike is not unlawful; and the men who were arrested simply because they were trade unionists should never have been arrested.

Let us not forget also that by a stroke of the pen the Hongkong Government made thousands of peaceful men offenders against the law. When the seamen and others joined their Unions or Guilds they were law-abiding; when they went on strike they were law-abiding; but they woke up one fine morning to find themselves all liable to criminal prosecution when they had done nothing more than withhold their labour—the right of every worker throughout the world.

And so when we come to analyse a few points in connection with the recent trouble we find that it was often marked by stupid action and ended to the accompaniment of much foolish talk. I'll say no more just now.

CORRESPONDENCE.

The Arthur Pearson Memorial Fund.

Dear Sir,

On December 29th, I despatched a cablegram to the Press of China, a copy of which I enclose, and I am following this cable up by asking for your generous support in making the object of the Arthur Pearson Memorial Fund known throughout your area by means of your most valuable publication.

The object of the Fund is to raise a sufficient sum of money which will endow the great work with which my late husband was so closely connected; and so make it a lasting and practical memorial to one who brought the breath of life to all with whom and for whom he worked.

I feel certain I shall not be asking in vain for your assistance and I am forwarding you an article explaining in detail the work we have in view, which if you could publish with editorial comment, would help immeasurably towards the success of our efforts.

In the hope of winning your sympathetic influence,

Yours truly,

ETHEL PEARSON.

27th. January, 1922.

(Copy of cable.)

As President Arthur Pearson Memorial Fund Lady Pearson makes warm appeal British Dominions behalf permanent endowment all charities for which Sir Arthur laboured during his lifetime. Stop. Fund be divided as follows. Stop. One third St. Dunstan's which trains and makes self-supporting Empires War Blind. Stop. One third National Institute for Blind which amongst other numerous activities is chief publishing house in Empire for embossing books for Blind. Stop. One third all other recognised blind charities in Empire. Stop. Prior to this division two and a half per cent will be deducted for Fresh Air Fund Sir Arthur's first charity which sends children from slums for holiday in country. Stop. Lady Pearson be most grateful. Editors newspapers if will use best endeavours help these funds which lay close to heart of one who worked unceasingly for others and begs them to publish this appeal and if possible open local subscription list. Stop. Fund has official sanction and is supported by Cabinet Ministers and other leading personages. Stop. Queen Alexandra is patroness. Stop. Subscriptions from Shanghai to E. Goodale Esq. Finance Department Municipal Council Shanghai. Other subscriptions direct to Arthur Pearson Memorial Fund St. John's Lodge Regent's Park London England.

TO-DAY'S MISCELLANY.

In Germany a new and original profession is open to those in search of one. The person who takes it up is called a "psycho-technical quick-lock prover," and his task is to judge of the effectiveness of advertisements and posters. He glances quickly at a newspaper advertisement or takes a rapid look at a poster, at an appropriate distance, in order to find out what impression is left on his mind. He either passes the advertisement as psychologically and technically correct, or suggests improvements to make it more effective. One or two persons have already set up in the profession and are very busy, for the advertiser knows that his success may depend on catching the attention of the hurried newspaper reader or in making the hurrying man in the street pause and take notice.

When Lord Chancellors and Attorney-Generals grow eloquent upon the subject of "allegiance" the plain citizen has no doubt as to what the word conveys, says the *Daily Chronicle*. But the Dr. Johnsons and the Websters have their doubts. One of these servants traces the naughty thing to the Latin word for the man who stood somewhere between freedom and serf, and owed services to a lord—"litus." Another bold spirit offers us "ligament" as a twin brother to allegiance, and defines the entry as the "tie or ligament which binds the subject to his liege lord the king in return for the protection which the king allows the subject." Whatever it means, the Oath of Allegiance, a frightful oath before the Revolution of 1638, is as then so modified that even a child might take it.

A descendant of the Royal Plantagenets has his coming of age this month, Viscount Hastings, only son of the Earl of Huntingdon, says the *Daily Chronicle*. The second Earl of Huntingdon married a descendant of the Plantagenet Duke of Clarence, drowned in a bath of malt-sea, and the name of Plantagenet is borne to-day by the present peer and his son and heir, Viscount Hastings. This courtesy title, by the way, is fictitious. There is no Viscountcy of Hastings in existence, the Earl of Huntingdon possessing no inferior title. Lord Huntingdon is a famous hunting man, and his son is following in his footsteps. In the most literal sense of the term, Lord Huntingdon is "devoted to sport," and what with hunting in the winter and polo in the summer, it may almost be said that he lives in the saddle.

The coming sale of Slains Castle has revived the legend that among the objects of interest preserved there is the "Curse of Scotland," the nine of diamonds on which the Duke of Cumberland wrote the order for the massacre of the Highlanders taken at Culloden. That the nine of diamonds is popularly known north of the Tweed as the "Curse of Scotland" is correct, but not for the reason stated. There are, in fact, quite a number of explanations, but no one has yet succeeded in definitely tracing the phrase as applied to this card to its origin. But Slains Castle will be searched in vain for the secret. The card preserved there is the eight of diamonds, and the writing on the back is a message from the Duke of Hamilton to the Countess of Yarmouth expressing his regret that he was unable to call on her.

Sir James Grantham's idea of the "right music with the right course as an aid to digestion" was anticipated by one of Mr. Hardy's genial old rustics in "Under the Greenwood Tree." Michael, Mail, was sure "there's a friendly tie of some sort between music and eating," and recounted, "I was once sitting in the little kitchen at the Three Choughs at Caterbridge, having a bit of dinner, and a brass band struck up in the street, such a beautiful brass band as it were! I was sitting eating fried liver and lights—ah, I was!—and to save my life I couldn't help chewing to the tune. Band played six-eight time; six-eight time chaww-I, willy-nilly! Band plays common; common time went my teeth among the fried liver and lights as true as a hair. Beautiful! 'twere, Ah, I shall never forget that band!"

EXACTLY WHAT YOU WANT

NEWEST
STYLES
AT LOW
PRICES.

A new shipment of
**GENT'S FELT
HATS**

(High Grade Quality)

\$13⁵⁰ each

UMBRELLAS. RAINCOATS.

SEE OUR WINDOWS

AT

YEE SANG FAT CO.

KOWLOON DOCK.

A Year's Profit.

The report of the Directors of the Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Co. Ltd., for the year ending 31st December, 1921, states—

The Gross Profit for the year is... \$2,321,029.00
After paying Interest... \$ 109,969.64 and depreciation... \$ 919,891.43 and paying a Bonus to Staff of... \$ 120,000.00
\$1,149,861.07

there remains a net profit of... \$1,171,167.93 and adding a mount brought forward as per last Report \$ 837,615.83 less: Interim Dividend paid 11th October, 1921... \$ 240,000.00
\$ 597,615.83

leaves available a sum of... \$1,768,783.76 which the Directors recommend to be appropriated as follows:—
To pay a Final Dividend at the rate of 10% per annum or \$5.00 per share... \$300,000.00
To pay a Bonus to Shareholders of \$11.00 per share... \$660,000.00
To carry forward to new account... \$808,783.76
\$1,768,783.76

Directors.—In accordance with Article No. 90 of the Company's Articles of Association, the Hon. Sir Paul Chater and Mr. H. P. White retire by rotation, and offer themselves for re-election. Mr. John Johnstone and Mr. J. H. Wallace retired from the Board on leaving the Colony, and Mr. D. G. M. Bernard and Mr. P. A. Cox were invited to join the Board and these appointments require confirmation at this meeting.

Mr. D. G. M. Bernard has been appointed Chairman for the year 1922.

Auditors.—The Accounts have been audited by Mr. H. Percy Smith, F.C.A., and Mr. A. R. Lowe, F.C.A., who retire and offer themselves for re-election.

PEKING-HANKOW RAILWAY.

Wu Pui-foo Appropriates Revenues.

By order of General Wu Pui-foo, the land department of the Peking-Hankow Railway at Hankow has been abolished and the large tract of land which is the property of the Kin-Han Line, in the vicinity of the foreign concessions now become the property of the Chinese occupation army in Hupeh. Through the medium of Admiral Tang Hsiang-min, former Tschun of Huanan and now Chief Director of the Hankow reconstruction bureau, the lands will be sold or mortgaged to a certain foreign company for five million dollars shortly. The money will not go to the treasury of the Peking Government; but it will be retained in this province for meeting the military expenses of the Chinese troops.

With reference to General Wu's appropriation of all telegraph funds received by the Chinese Government from telegraph offices in Wuchang, Hanyang and Hankow for urgent military uses, the Peking Government demands that the money received at the offices on behalf of the Great Northern Cable Company be exempted from seizure.

The question concerning the imposition of one dollar per picul on the Szechuan salt imported into Hupeh for sale, in spite of the stringent orders of General Wu Pei-fu and General Hsiao Yao-nan, the salt merchants and firms are still continuing their protests on the ground that this one dollar extra tax is illegal though, under pressure, they have paid this extra tax to the military authorities. No final action has been taken by the British, Japanese and other Consuls in Hankow yet. It is to be feared that in the long run, the foreign Consuls shall be forced to despatch armed forces for the protection of the district salt inspectors from the threatened molestation of the Chinese military authorities.

make their own investigations to the detriment of the sovereign rights of China. In the circular, severe penalties are also promised for any person or persons who dare to smoke cultivate or sell the dangerous drug after the promulgation of this order.

"SOUNDS WELL IN WORDS."

The above-mentioned circular order sounds exceedingly well in words; but in reality and practice, in view of the weak position of the Peking Government it is doubtful whether the threat of cashiering or removing the civil administrators of the provinces can be actually put into force; especially it is an open secret that poppy cultivators of the various provinces are generally under the protection of the Super-Tschuns, Tschuns or powerful divisional army commanders. In fact, without the effective disbandment of the Chinese superfluous soldiers and the reduction of the powers of the Tschuns, the powerless Peking Government is not in a position to enforce any reform or order in the provinces and if the so-called Central Government in Peking cannot appoint a civil administrator or even a Taoyin without the previous concurrence or approval of the Super-Tschuns and Tschuns, it will be interesting to know by what means can the President and the Premier remove a Shengchang or Taoyin from his post.—Peking Leader.

PARI MUTUEL FOR JAPAN. The Mainichi says that the Government will lay before the House of Representatives in a few days the Pari Mutuel Bill, which has given rise to a diversity of views among the officials at the Legislative Bureau before the final decision was reached in favour of its presentation to the House.

ANTI-OPIMUM ORDER.

Central Government Order to the Provinces.

With reference to the Opium crusade, the Ministry of the Interior has just issued an important circular order to all the civil governors of the various provinces to the following effect:—

"As the prohibition of Opium has been embodied in a treaty with Great Britain and in view of the repeated protests of the British Legation against the alleged cultivation of poppy in the various provinces with the exception of the Shensi, Kiangsu and a few other provinces, it is absolutely necessary for the Central Government to adopt strong measures to suppress the evil as soon as possible so as to uphold China's international prestige abroad. On account of this, and by the approval of the President and the Premier, the Central Government has decided to inflict adequate penalties upon those authorities who permit the cultivation of poppy within their jurisdiction hereafter. Hence, the Government will cashier or remove any civil governor (Sheng-chang) from his post in case poppy is found in any five districts under his control while Taoyins and Magistrates will be punished if poppy be discovered in any two towns within their jurisdiction by government Opium Investigators.

Further, the civil and military authorities throughout the republic are persuaded not to neglect this order of the Central Government on the ground in case of failure, the foreign Powers shall be forced to instruct their consuls in the various treaty ports to

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

REDUCTION IN PRICES.

We are pleased to notify our customers and the public that the following reductions in prices will come into force as FROM 1st MARCH:—

ICE

from 1½ cts. per lb. to 1½ cts. per lb.

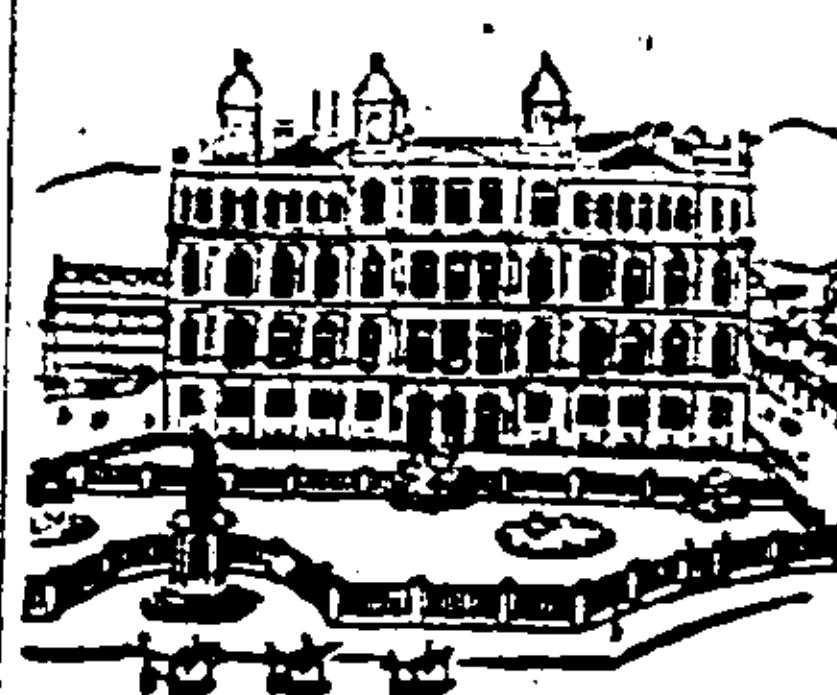
BUTTER

"DAISY" from \$1.10 - to - \$1.00 per lb.

"DAIRYMAID" , \$1.00 - to - 90 "

All our other prices remain unaltered in spite of the Strike.

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Paints

Mixed Ready for Use.

ENGLISH MADE Packed in 7-lb. tins with handle, and 1-cwt. Drums. Stocked in Hongkong.

French Grey, Signal Red, Light Blue, Dark Royal Blue, San-Juan Color, Light Grey, Carmine Red, Pale Purple Brown, Ivory White, Lead Color, Dark Green, Black, Light Blue, Light Green, Lead Color, Also Aluminium Paint in 1-pint Tins.

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IS A PERMANENT
ECONOMY

SOLE AGENTS

Holland-China Trading Co.
Hong Kong

ABOUT COLDS.

Why is it that one person catches cold on the slightest provocation while another can undergo all sorts of exposure and changes of temperature without contracting a chill?

The answer is to be found in the condition of the system. Thin blooded people take cold easily. They need a tonic to strengthen the body to resist disease. A cold that hangs on for weeks and stubbornly resists ordinary remedies may prove the entering wedge for serious illness. Such a cold generally results in loss of weight, thinning of the blood and general weakness.

This condition emphatically calls for a tonic to build up the blood. Rich, red blood will tone up the entire system, strengthen the nerves and give health and vigour to the body.

Begin treatment at once with the non-alcoholic tonic which Mr. Walter Whitford, of No. 53 Paris Street, Everett, Mass., endorses. Its name is as well-known to you as to the people of America where this gentleman lives.

"I caught a severe cold last fall," says Mr. Whitford, "and it hung on from week to week until I began to despair of getting rid of it. I suffered a general breakdown in health and was tired and languid. I lost my appetite and could not sleep well. There was a pain in my back and I felt sick all over."

"A friend recommended Dr. Williams' pink pills so I got some and began to take them. In a short time I began to regain my strength. My appetite improved in a few days and now I feel even better than I did before I had the cold. I strongly urge anyone in need of a tonic to try Dr. Williams' pink pills."

Dr. Williams' pink pills for pale people are sold by medicine dealers everywhere, also sent post free, \$1.50 per bottle, \$3.00 for six bottles, by Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 95 Szechuen Road, Shanghai. As good for women as for men.

Dr. John R. Mott, the chairman of the World's Student Christian Federation Conference to be held in Peking in April, left San Francisco by the Taiyo Maru on February 20, and arrives in Japan about March 9. Mr. Eugene Barnett, executive secretary of the student Y. M. C. A., has left for Tokyo to confer with Dr. Mott on the arrangements for the conference. Dr. Mott will travel through Korea and arrive in Peking towards the end of March, in time for the meeting of the World's Student Christian Federation general committee. China's representative on this committee are Miss Y. J. Fan, Miss Grace Yang, Mr. C. C. Nish and Mr. C. T. Wong, three of whom expect to be at the meeting in Peking.

NOTICES.

J. T. SHAW

TEL. 592

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OF DEPENDABLE QUALITY



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SHOES

SHIRTS

SCARVES

BELTS.

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SPECIALIST IN MEN'S WEAR
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LINEN CABIN BAGS

AND HOLDALLS.

TRAVELLING RUGS.

For this week only we are allowing a discount of 20%
for cash off all travelling requisites.

The following Ports have been added to our list
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62 per case duty paid

GUIMARAENS CROWN VINTAGE

\$48 per case duty paid

GUIMARAENS DRY WHITE PORT

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BETTER SOUP & PUDDINGS

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OF
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WATCHMAKER AND JEWELLER.

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INSTRUMENTS REPAIRED UNDER MY
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CAMERA NEWS



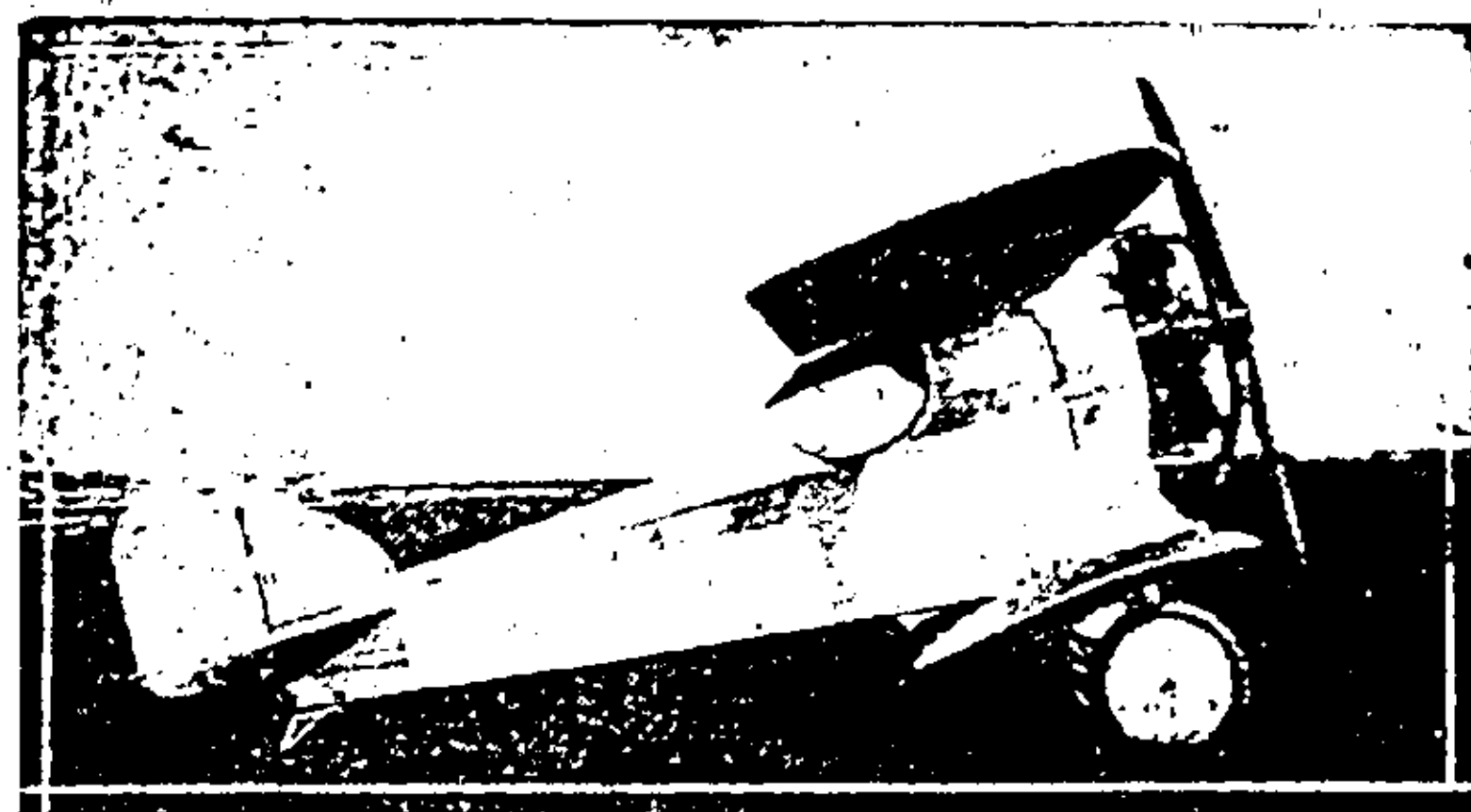
Rev. Constantin Coltman and Rev. Mary Coltman are the world's first husband-and-wife joint pastors of a church. They have just been appointed joint pastors of the Greville Place Congregational Church, Maida Vale, England. Here they are shown in their clerical robes in front of their parish house.



The cut-glass cigarette holder, coloured to match hat or gown, is the latest fad among the elite at Palm Beach. Miss Corinne Barker, New York debutante, was the first to introduce it at the Florida resort.



Miss Dorothy Vicari, a young English girl, is winning fame by her remarkable skill in painting European women. Two of her oils that have attracted attention are of Mrs. David Lloyd George, wife of the premier, and Queen Mother Alexandra.



The new Bishop (Ercob) avionette is constructed entirely of metal and its planes can be detached and the machine carried to and from the flying field in a 1-ton motor truck. The tested speed of the machine is 120 kilometers an hour.



All Europe has its eyes upon Champéry, Switzerland, where women have taken complete charge of municipal affairs. In fact, about all that is left of the men is their clothes—and the women are wearing them.

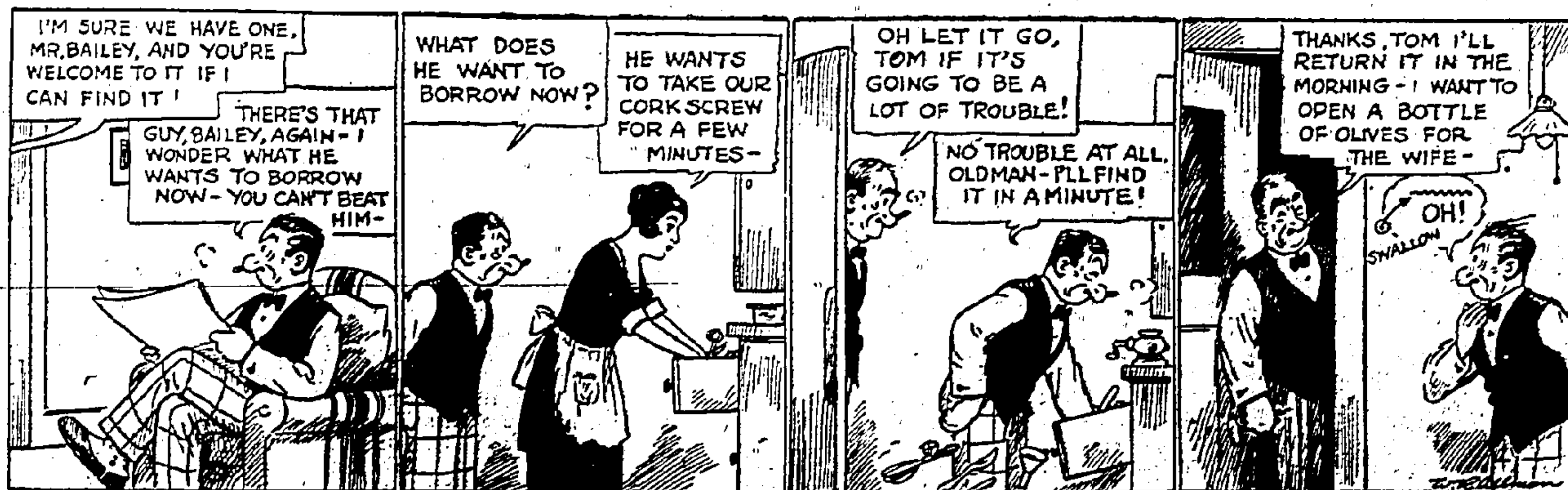


This motor bus is 37 feet long, but it can turn in a radius of 30 feet. It is the invention of Glenn Curtiss, the aeronautic engineer.

DOINGS OF THE DUFFS

A Double Surprise.

BY ALLMAN



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Hongkong to England

via Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Vancouver & Montreal.

	From	Due		From	Due
	H'kong	Vancouver		Canada	England
Empress of Asia	Mar. 23	Apr. 10	Empress of Britain	Apr. 22	Apr. 29
Empress of Russia	Apr. 20	May 8	Empress of France	May 16	May 23
Empress of Canada	May 4	May 22	Empress of Scotland	May 30	June 6
Empress of Asia	May 18	June 5	Empress of France	June 13	June 20
Empress of Russia	June 15	July 3	Empress of Scotland	June 27	July 4
Empress of Canada	June 29	July 17	Empress of France	July 11	July 18
Empress of Asia	July 13	July 31	Empress of Scotland	July 25	Aug. 1
Empress of Russia	July 27	Aug. 14	Empress of France	Aug. 8	Aug. 15
Empress of Canada	Aug. 10	Aug. 28	Empress of Scotland	Aug. 22	Aug. 29
			Empress of France	Sept. 5	Sept. 12

Other Atlantic Sailings every few days to Liverpool, Southampton, Glasgow, Antwerp, Havre, Naples & Danzig. Allotment of Cabin on Atlantic steamers held here and through tickets issued. Early reservation necessary.

Three Trans-continental Trains Daily.
Standard Sleeping Cars, Compartments & Drawing Rooms.

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via Shanghai, the Island Sea, Japan & Honolulu.

"THE PATHWAY OF THE SUN."

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave Hong.	Steamers.	Leave Hong.
SHINYU M.	22,000	Mar. 8.	SIBERIA M.	20,000 Apr. 24.
PERSEA M.	9,000	Mar. 31.	YENYO M.	22,000 May 1.
TAIYU M.	22,000	Apr. 4.	KOREA M.	20,000 May 13.

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Calling at Dairen.

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via Manila, Japan, Honolulu, Hilo, San Francisco, San Pedro, Salina Cruz, Balboa, Callao, Mollendo, Arica & Iquique.

THENCE BY TRANS-ANDIAN ROUTE TO BUENOS AIRES.

STEAMERS	TONS	LEAVE HONGKONG
ANYO MARU.....	18,500	Mar. 31st.
SEIYO MARU.....	14,000	May 13th.
GINYO MARU.....	16,000	June 23rd.
RAKUYO MARU.....	17,500	June 23rd.

* Omits Manila.

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Y. TSUTSUMI, Manager,
King's Building, Tel. Nos. 2374 & 2375.
Agents at Canton. Messrs. T. E. GRIFFITH, LTD.

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Managing Agents—United States Shipping Board.

EXPRESS FREIGHT SERVICE.

TO LOS ANGELES & SAN FRANCISCO FROM HONGKONG BY DIRECT ROUTE.

Ship	Due Hongkong	Leave Hongkong
"Dewey"	22nd May.	24th May.
"West Prospect"	11th June.	13th June.

CARGO ACCEPTED FOR TRANSHIPMENT AT SAN FRANCISCO TO WEEKLY SAILINGS FOR ATLANTIC SEABOARD PORTS. THROUGH BILLS OF LADING ISSUED TO U.S. & CANADIAN OVERLAND POINTS.

TO MANILA, SAIGON, SINGAPORE, SOURABAYA, SAMARANG AND BATAVIA.

Ship	Due Hongkong	Leave Hongkong
"Dewey"	29th March.	31st March.
"West Prospect"	18th April.	20th April.

THROUGH BILLS OF LADING ISSUED TO ALL PORTS NOT SERVED.

For Full Information apply to

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G. P. BRADFORD, Res. Agent.



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FOR HAIPHONG via Hoihow & Pakhoi

FOR KEELUNG via Swatow & Amoy

S.S. "TAIWEI MARU" ... on or about

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S. MITARAI, Agent, Top Floor, King's Building, Tel. No. 140.

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ON THE BERTH FOR
NEW YORK via Suez.

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S.S. GRACE DOLLAR	Apr. 11.
San Francisco, Seattle & Vancouver.	
S.S. HAROLD DOLLAR	Mar. 16.
Los Angeles, San Francisco & Vancouver.	
S.S. BESSIE DOLLAR	Apr. 30.

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SEATTLE & VICTORIA

SERVICE—COURTESY—SPEED.

PASSENGER & FREIGHT

Via Shanghai, Kobe and Yokohama.

Ship	From Hongkong	Arrive Seattle
S.S. Silver State	Mar. 10.	Mar. 29.
Pinetree State	Mar. 23.	Apr. 11.
Wenatchee	Apr. 6.	Apr. 26.

MANILA SERVICE.

S.S. Pinetree State	Mar. 13.
Wenatchee	Mar. 27.

SAIGON—SINGAPORE—JAVA.

LAKE ONAWA

LAKE FARRAR

Through Bills of Lading issued to Overland common points.
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NEW YORK DIRECT.

"BLUE FUNNEL" LINE

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AMERICAN & MANCHURIAN LINE

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FOR BOSTON & NEW YORK

Ship	From Hongkong	Arrive
"AJAX"	via Suez Canal	10th March.
"KNIGHT TEMPLAR"	via Suez Canal	30th March.
"CITY OF ORAN"	via Suez Canal	10th April.

† Calls at Boston if sufficient inducement offers.
Steamers proceed via Suez Canal or Panama Canal at Owners' option.
Subject to change without notice.
For freight and particulars apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE or THE BANK LINE, LTD. HONGKONG.
HONGKONG & CANTON REISS & CO. CANTON.

HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMERS.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAM BOAT CO., LTD., AND THE CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.

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From Canton daily at 8 a.m. & 5 p.m. (Sundays 5 p.m. only)

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Further information may be obtained at the Company's office, Union Building, or from Booking Agents, Messrs. Thos. Cook & Son and the American Express Company, Hongkong.

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"NANKING" "NILE" "CHINA"

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FAST FREIGHT AND PASSENGER STEAMERS.

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Trans-Pacific Service

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via Manila, Shanghai, Yokohama & Honolulu.

S.S. NANKING S.S. NILE S.S. CHINA

Mar. 15, at noon.

Java Service

HONGKONG TO SINGAPORE & BATAVIA

S.S. CORJISTAN

FAST FREIGHT SERVICE

Through Bills of Lading issued to all points in United States & Canada.
Cargo accepted on Through Bills of Lading for transshipment at San Francisco to weekly sailings for principal Atlantic Ports.

C. T. SURRIDGE, GENERAL AGENT

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TELEPHONE, PASSENGER DEPT. TEL. FREIGHT DEPT. & AGENT.
No. 1934. No. 2161.

UNCLAIMED TELEGRAMS.

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The following Unclaimed Telegrams are lying here—

Thurekawamaru c/o Okanokiku

No. 18 Kaibogai, from Misumi.

Osaken, from Osaka.

Bury Hongkong Club, from Shanghai.

Moricho Chokagras, from Osaka.

Takes Shigeru c/o Dr. Williams

19 Wanchai, from Shanghai.

Wythe, from Shanghai.

Honchekan Kwongfooksong, from Yokohama.

L. Wabiyik Waiyip, from Yokohama.

Wingsungchong, from Yokohama.

Yeungsung Taitung Hotel, from Amoy.

Taiseng Co. Shanghai, from Tientsin.

Hay Chat Tungling Co. Des Voeux Road, from Yokohama.

Taihing Des Voeux Road West, from Shanghai.

Chunshunway, from Yinkow.

Menglim 15 Consuaght Street, from Shanghai.

16917, from Shanghai.

T. KRING.

Superintendent.

Hongkong, Mar. 2, 1922.

EASTERN EXTENSION AUSTRALASIA & CHINA TELEGRAPH CO.

Alibux Driver Core Thirty Turp Seven, from Amritsar.

Bristo, from Rangoon.

Miss Hendry Krenlin, from Shanghai.

Henry Landberger, Des Voeux Road, from San Francisco.

Liivin Copie King Edward Hotel, from Harbin.

Odum, from London.

Payfish, from Seattle.

Teederianina De Napknan House Kowloon, from Harbinbo.

Vidal Petrosiler, from Paris.

J. C. West, from Manila.

M. E. F. AIREY.

Superintendent.

Hongkong, Feb. 23, 1922.

BOY EMPEROR WEARS GLASSES.

"Emperor Hsuanlung must wear eye-glasses or he will lose his eyesight before he is twenty-five" is said to have been the dictum of an expert at the Rockefeller Institute after a thorough examination of the patient. This overcame all opposition on the part of palace dignitaries who had insisted that the young Emperor should not be allowed to wear glasses.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

JAPANESE RUBBER MANUFACTURES.

Some time ago Japanese commodities for export were inquired for from Singapore along with the rally of the rubber market there. But as the rubber trade has now grown idle and also as German goods have come to be exported directly from that country or through the intermediary of Dutch merchants, Japanese exports have come to a deadlock. Japanese exporters are thus handicapped and can at present devise no means of competing with German goods. It is mentioned in a Japanese paper that the punctual fulfillment of shipment is a point to which Japanese exporters should devote greater care.

THE PROPOSED STEEL COMBINE.

A movement has been started in Tokyo to have the Yamata Ironworks amalgamate with the Toyo Ironworks, Nippon Steelworks, Fuji Steelworks, Kenjiho Ironworks, and a few more big private ironworks, so that the private works may overcome their immediate difficulties. It appears that the Government Ironworks, although they do not mind placing themselves under a semi-official system, wish that they simply take concerted action with the private works in regard to purchasing and selling. Of course, the practicability of the proposed amalgamation depends upon the attitude of the Government, but it is expected that if the matter is proposed to the Diet by the Seiyukai, an unexpectedly prompt realization may be the result, judging by the fact that even in these hard days the Yawata Ironworks have the Toyo Ironworks under their control at a cost of ¥4,000,000 a year.

GERMAN GOODS IN GENERAL.

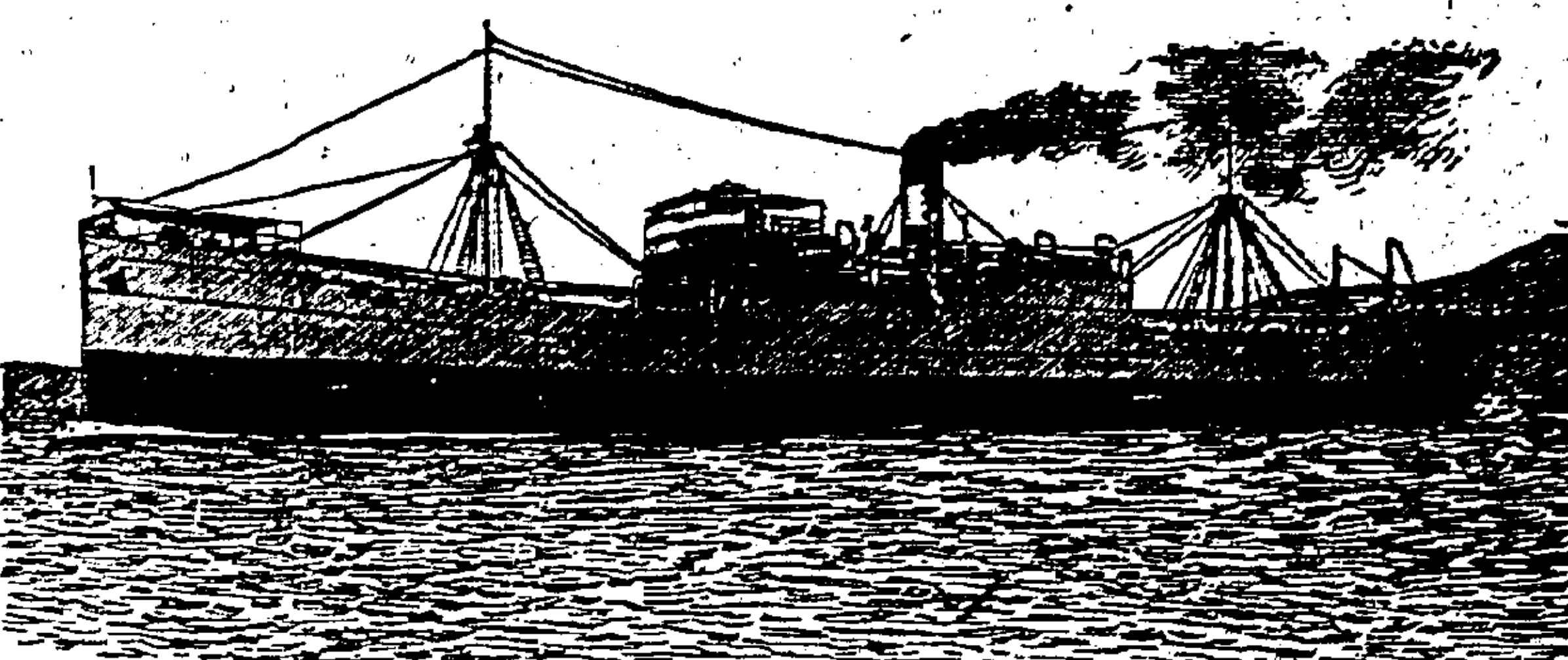
German manufacturers of various commodities are exporting on consignment to their overseas special agents because of the financially difficult position they are in. The Japanese agents also are, of course, receiving large quantities of dyestuffs, chemicals, medicine, etc. As the domestic trade continues depressed, however, they are reluctantly selling the entrusted goods at low prices. It is explained that it is because these consignments are being disposed of that there has been a succession of dumpings of German goods. German manufacturers do not stop sending on consignment, however greatly the domestic market may be beaten down. No small parts of the present arrivals of German goods, especially chemicals, are said to be of this nature. If the above information be accurate, it looks as though the German manufacturers are about to suffer some serious losses through not being paid for their goods. The only safe way for German manufacturers to trade in these days is to have their own agents abroad to sell and buy for them, adjusting their differences in sterling through London. Otherwise the fluctuations of the mark in foreign exchange may suddenly deprive them of the remuneration for their goods.

THE HONGKONG & WHAMPOA DOCK CO., LTD.

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS "MANIFESTO HONGKONG"

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R. M. DYER, B.S.C. M.I.N.A., KOWLOON DOCK HONGKONG

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TRAITS & BURMA, CAYMAN, INDIA, PERSIAN GULF, WEST INDIES, MAURITIUS, EAST & SOUTH AFRICA, AUSTRALASIA, INCLUDING NEW ZEALAND & QUEENSLAND PORTS, RED SEA, EGYPT, EUROPE, ETC.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL FORTNIGHTLY DIRECT (ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS) (UNDER CONTRACT WITH H. M. GOVERNMENT.)

S.S.	Tons	From Hong-kong (about)	Destination
KHIVA	9,000	15th Mar.	M'les, London & Antwerp
DEVANHA	8,000	29th Mar.	M'les, London & Antwerp
SICILIA	6,700	31st Mar.	S'pore, Colombo & Bombay

BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS (South)

TAKADA	7,000	24th Mar.	Singapore, Penang, Rangoon via Singapore & Calcutta.
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EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (South)

ARAFURA	6,000	3rd April.	Manila, Thursday Island, Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney and Melbourne.
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SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI & JAPAN.

NOVARA	6,900	14th Mar.	Shanghai & Japan.
SICILIA	6,700	18th Mar.	Shanghai only.

All dates are approximate and subject to alteration without notice.

WIRELESS ON ALL STEAMERS.

Parcels Measuring not more than 2 1/2 ft. x 2 ft. x 1 ft. will be received at the Company's Office up to noon on the day previous to sailing.

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SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

VICTORIA, SEATTLE & VANCOUVER via S'hai & Japan ports. Through Bills of Lading issued to all Overland Common Points in U.S.A. & Canada.

SUWA MARU (Calling Manila) Friday, 7th April, at 11 a.m. (To be transhipped at Kobe into SHIDZUOKA MARU.)

MARSEILLES, LONDON & ROTTERDAM via Singapore, etc. KAMO MARU, Friday, 24th Mar. at 11 a.m.

KATORI MARU, Friday, 31st Mar. at 11 a.m.

HAMBURG via LONDON & ROTTERDAM. DAKAR MARU, Middle of April.

LIVERPOOL, via MARSEILLES. TOYOHASHI MARU, First half of April.

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila, etc. TANGO MARU, Tuesday, 21st Mar. at 11 a.m.

NIKKO MARU, Tuesday, 18th April at 11 a.m.

NEW YORK via PANAMA & CUBAN PORTS. MAYBASHI MARU, End of March.

NEW YORK via Suez. RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS & BUENOS AIRES via Cape.

KANAGAWA MARU, Saturday, 25th March. BOMBAY via Singapore, Penang & Colombo.

AWA MARU, Monday, 20th March. CALCUTTA via Singapore, Penang & Rangoon.

CALCUTTA MARU, Wednesday, 22nd March. NAGASAKI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.

NIKKO MARU, Friday, 17th Mar. at 11 a.m.

SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA. YEBOSHI MARU, Sunday, 12th Mar.

SHIDZUOKA MARU, Friday, 17th Mar. at 11 a.m.

For further information apply to **NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.** Telephone Nos. 292 & 293. K. H. KAMEI, Manager.**JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN.**Regular Fortnightly Service between **JAVA, CHINA and JAPAN.**

Steamer	From	Expected on or about	Will leave on or about	For
Tjimanok...	Java	in port	17th Mar.	Batavia
Tjikembang	Java	10th Mar.	18th Mar.	Shanghai
Tjibodas...	S'hai/Amoy	25th Mar.	28th Mar.	Java

"The steamers are all fitted throughout with electric light and have accommodation for a limited number of saloon-passengers. All steamers carry a duly qualified surgeon. Cargo taken at through rates to all ports in Netherlands-India and Australia."

ALSO OPERATING

JAVA PACIFIC LIJN.

NEXT SAILING.

Steamer	From	Expected on or about	Will leave on or about	From

Through Bills of Lading issued to U.S.A. and Canadian Overland Points.

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Shipping to Europe, Australia, and other Ports.

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REGULAR SAILINGS TO NEW YORK & BOSTON FOR NEW YORK & BOSTON.

S.S. "BOLTON CASTLE" via Suez sailing middle of March.

LLOYD TRIESTINO.

Taking cargo on through Bills of Lading for Levant, Black Sea and Danube Ports.

FIUME having been re-opened for traffic, cargo is also accepted for this port on through Bills of Lading.

FOR SHANGHAI

S.S. "MERANO" Sailing on or about 15th March.

For BRINDISI, VENICE & TRIESTE.

Via Singapore, Penang and Colombo.

S.S. "TRACIA" Sailing end of March.

S.S. "MERANO" Sailing on or about 1st April.

Passengers' Luggage can be insured at the office of the Agents.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS.

Regular Passenger and Cargo Service.

FROM CALCUTTA TO SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.

S.S. "UMONA" Sailing about the end of April.

Through Bills of Lading issued from Hongkong.

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Agents.

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HONGKONG TO PHILIPPINES & AUSTRALIAN PORTS. SAILING (SUBJECT TO ALTERATION).

Steamer.	Arrives Hongkong from Australia.	Leaves Hongkong for Australia.
CHANGSHA	arrived	

These dates cannot be relied on.

This steamer is fitted with Refrigerating machinery, ensuring a plentiful supply of ice, fresh provisions etc. and has superior accommodation with Electric Light throughout and Electric Fans in the State-rooms. A duly qualified Doctor is carried. Reduced Fares. Cargo booked through to all Australian, New Zealand and Tasmanian ports.

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HOMEWARDS.

Steamers.	Sailing.
City of Simla	24th Mar. M'les, L'don, R'dam & H'burg
City of Calcutta	26th Apr.

Subject to change without notice.

For particulars of freight and passage rates apply to—

THE BANK LINE, LTD.,

or to REISS & Co. Canton. General Agents.

GLEN AND SHIRE.

JOINT SERVICE OF STEAMERS.

U.K., STRAITS, CHINA & JAPAN Service.

OUTWARDS.

Vessel.	Due Hongkong.
M.V. "GLENOCLE"	15th March.
"GLENAPP"	26th March.

HOMEWARDS.

Vessel.	Leaves Hongkong.	Discharges.
M.V. GLENADE	16th Mar.	GENOA, L'DON, H'BURG, A'WERP.
"GLENAMOV"	1st Apr.	L'DON, R'DAM, H'BURG, A'WERP.
"GLENARA"	2nd Apr.	GENOA, L'DON, R'DAM, H'BURG.
"GLENARIFFE"	18th Apr.	GENOA, L'DON, R'DAM, H'BURG.

Movements are subject to change without notice.

For freight or further particulars please apply to—

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.

AGENTS THE GLEN LINE, LTD.

Telephone No. 215, sub-ex. 23 and 3696.

COASTAL SHIPPING.**INDO CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.**

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

Destination	Steamer	Sailing
SHANGHAI	Waishang	Fri. 10th Mar. at d'light.
HAIPHONG	Loksang	Fri. 10th Mar. at 10 a.m.
MANILA	Yuensang	Fri. 10th Mar. at 3 p.m.
STRAITS & Calcutta	Fooksang	Fri. 10th Mar. at 3 p.m.
SHANGHAI	Choyang	Sun. 12th Mar. at d'light.
STRAITS & Calcutta	Kumsang	Tues. 14th Mar. at 3 p.m.
MANILA	Loongsang	Wed. 15th Mar. at 3 p.m.
SANDAKAN	Mausang	Wed. 15th Mar. at noon.
STRAITS & Calcutta	Namsang	Sat. 18th Mar. at 3 p.m.

CALCUTTA LINE.—This Line now affords regular sailings to Calcutta, Penang and Singapore; Returnings from Calcutta steamers proceed via Straits and Hongkong to Japan occasionally calling at Shanghai.

All steamers have excellent passenger accommodation, are fitted with Electric Light & Fans and carry a fully qualified Surgeon.

SHANGHAI LINE.—Sailings approximately every three days between Canton and Shanghai, sometimes calling at Swatow. Through tickets can be obtained and through Bills of Lading are issued all to Northern and Yangtze Ports via Shanghai.

MANILA LINE.—A weekly service is maintained with Manila by vessels with good passenger accommodation, sailings from both ports every Friday.

HAIPHONG LINE.—Sailings approximately weekly for passengers and cargo, calling at H'kong when inducement offers.

BORNEO LINE.—Fortnightly sailings to and from Sandakan by two 5,000 ton steamers s.s. "HINSANG" & "MAUSANG", both steamers having excellent passenger accommodation. Cargo taken on through Bills of Lading for Kudat, Jesselton, Labuan, Tawao and Lahad Datt.

TIENTSIN LINE.—A regular service is run from March to Nov. between H'kong & Tientsin calling at Weihaiwei & Chefoo.

BANGKOK LINE.—A weekly service is provided between Hongkong and Bangkok, via Swatow, by five steamers fitted with up-to-date passenger accommodation.

CALCUTTA LINE.

S.S. "Fooksang" will be despatched on or about Friday, 10th Mar., at 3 p.m. for SINGAPORE, PENANG & CALCUTTA. Through Bills of Lading issued to RANGOON, PORT SWETTENHAM & MADRAS & DUTCH EAST INDIES.

For Freight or Passage apply to—

JARDINE MATHESON & CO., LTD.

Telephone No. 215.

General Managers.

C. N. C.

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

For	Steamers.	To Sail
CANTON & SHANGHAI	Szechuen	9th Mar.
CANTON, H'HOW & B'KOK TEAN	Hoithow	9th "
AMOI & SHANGHAI	Hoithow	9th "
SWATOW & SINGAPORE	Kingchow	5th "
SWATOW & BANGKOK	Kingchow	10th "
SHANGHAI	Suiyang	10th "
SHANGHAI & SHANGHAI	Shantung	11th "
CANTON & SHANGHAI	Sinkiang	11th "
W'WEI, CHEFOO & T'SIN Kueichow	Sinkiang	11th "

These dates cannot be relied on.

SHANGHAI LINE.—PASSENGERS, MAILS AND CARGO. Excellent Saloon accommodation amidships. Electric Fans in Saloon and State-rooms. Regular schedule service between Canton, Hongkong and Shanghai (twice weekly) and Tsingtao (weekly), taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze, and Northern China Ports. Passengers are landed in Shanghai, avoiding the inconvenience of transshipment at Woosung.

BANGKOK LINE.—Weekly service to and from B'kok via S'tow. or Freight or Passage apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.

Telephone No. 36.

Hongkong March 9, 1922.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO. LTD.

HONGKONG & SOUTH CHINA COAST PORTS SERVICE.

Regular Service of Fast, High Class Coast Steamers having good accommodation for First Class Passengers. Electric Light and Fans in state-rooms and Saloon and Excellent Cuisine.

For Swatow, Amoy and Foochow and Returns, (Occupying 9 to 10 days.)

Steamships.	Captain.	Leaving.
Haichong	W. C. Parmore	9th Mar. at noon.

FOR AMOY & FOOCHOW.

Haiching	J. S. Thomson	SATUR., 11th Mar. at noon.
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Arrivals and Departures from the Co's Wharf (near Blake Pier.)

For Freight and Passage, apply to

Douglas Lapraik & Co.,

General Managers.

NANYO YUSEN KAISHA.

The South Sea Mail S.S. Co., Ltd.)

Regular freight and passenger service between

JAPAN, HONGKONG & JAVA.

For Batavia, Samarang & Sourabaya.

S.S. MACASSAR MARU Sailing on or about 25th Mar.

For Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.

S.S. BORNEO MARU Sailing on or about 27th Mar.

For further particulars please apply to—

Tel. No. 2206. Second Floor, Prince's Building.

K. SUZUKI, Manager.**SHIPPING NEWS.****CANADIAN CUSTOMS DUTY.**

It is stated that the additional Canadian duty of 10 p.c. leviable on imports not marked with the country of origin will not apply to goods ordered before October 1, 1921, and imported before July 1 next. Importers will, however, be compelled to mark such goods before they leave the Customs.

U. K. TRADE.

According to the official returns for the first nine months of last year, Great Britain obtained 38 p.c. of its imports from the Empire and 70 p.c. from foreign countries; but as much as 45 p.c. of United Kingdom export are disposed of within the Empire and 57 p.c. to foreign countries.

417 EX-ENEMY SHIPS SOLD.With the sale of the *Oldenburg*, *Tanger* and *Polonia* Lord Inchcape has completed his task of disposing of 417 ex-enemy ships for the Reparation Commission, and 53 Government and prize vessels, making a total of 470 ships. There are now only one or two prize vessels still to be disposed of.**CONGESTION AT SHANGHAI.**

Two recent counts of river traffic on the Soochow Creek (Shanghai) registered between 3,840 and 4,000 boats passing a given point in one hour. Blocks in the traffic are becoming increasingly frequent and only the other day one formed near Thibet Road Bridge extending west to about Ferry Road.

HANKOW PORT DEVELOPMENT.

While an agreement had previously been entered into between Mr. Tang Hsiang-ming, Director-General of the Commercial Port, and Messrs. Samuel and Co., for a loan for the construction of a commercial port at Hankow, it is understood that this has since been cancelled. In the circumstances Mr. Tang has for some time past had under consideration a plan to float public bonds to the amount of \$20,000,000, but it is now reported that another loan is about to be concluded between Mr. Tang and Messrs. Samuel and Co. This is alleged to be the plan proposed by General Wu Pui-foo.—Eastern Agency.

S.S. TYNDAREUS.The appeal of Ross Peers and A. D. Anderson from a judgement of Mr. Justice Martin, dismissing their action for damages against the Blue Funnel s.s. *Tyndareus*, has been dismissed by Mr. Justice Audette, of the Exchequer Court of Canada. Word announcing that the decision of the Admiralty Court judge had been sustained has been received in Vancouver. The plaintiff appellants owned a crib of shingly bolts which about two years ago was damaged by the *Tyndareus* when the latter collided with the raft off Point Atkinson. Messrs. Peers & Anderson attempted to recover \$7,000, but their claim was dismissed by Mr. Justice Martin, who came to the conclusion that no negligence could be attributed to the officers and crew of the big freighter. The trial disclosed a conflict of evidence as to whether or not a light was burning on the crib.**OIL ON TROUBLED WATERS.**The following are recent instances of the successful use of oil to calm heavy seas:—On December 28 last the s.s. *Balsam*, while on the voyage from Lisbon to New York with the s.s. *Storm King* in tow found it necessary on account of rough seas from the N.W., to heave-to; both vessels lying in the trough of the sea. As the sea was breaking over the vessel and endangering the after deck load of baled cordwood, two bags of oil were floated to windward, after which no further trouble was experienced. On December 11, 1921, in (approximately) lat. 38° 44' N., long. 46° 52' W., the s.s. *Lord Londonderry*, on the voyage from Belfast toward Tampa, encountered a whole gale from south with squalls of hurricane force with continuous heavy rain. Heave-to on the port tack with wind and sea on port quarter. The steamer was rolling pitching and straining heavily. Oil was used from forward, and as the steamer drifted to leeward the oil spread to windward, stilling the heavy sea, and dangerous water with great success. Before it reached the vessel's hull to any damage.

